

DUMA CLOSED BY THE CZAR.

No Riot About it, but One Laborite Makes a Noise.

Next Meeting is to be Held in Mid-November.

Changes in Slav Army Topic of Berlin Press.

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.]
PETROGRAD, Sept. 16. (via London, Sept. 16.)—The Russian Duma was prorogued today until mid-November, President Rodzianko announcing an imperial order authorizing the prorogation which had been transmitted through Premier Goremykin.

The session lasted only three minutes. There was muttering from a section of the Laborite and Radical deputies of "It is a crime," as the imperial message was read by the vice-president, but the Constitutional Democrats maintained silence.

All the deputies immediately left the hall, only Deputy Kereny, a Laborite who shouted "Down with all traitors," attempting to speak. The speaker of the Duma, however, declared that there should be no debate because Kereny insisted on his right to say what he liked.

It is pointed out that the Emperor reserved the right to recall the Duma before November 14, if he wished.

DISCUSS DUKES REMOVAL.
[BY WIRELESS AND A. P.]

BERLIN, Sept. 16 (via Tuckerton, N. J.).—All the newspapers, says the Overseas News Agency, "agree that the recent sensational changes in Russia are a necessary consequence of the military and political situation and that the Emperor was compelled to take personal command of the Russian forces in order to prevent still further difficulties arising. The removal of Grand Duke Nicholas is commended upon as of the greatest importance politically, as he was the incarnation of the anti-German nationalistic and imperialistic policy of Russia and possibly responsible for forcing war upon the Emperor and obtaining the signature of the mobilization order of July, 1914, which precipitated the war. The Grand Duke's removal is regarded as having been imperative because of domestic difficulties in Russia, as he was the head of the reactionary elements and responsible for the attitude of the government in failing to keep its promise of better treatment of the Jews and Poles."

"The consequences of the change must be awaited," the comment runs. "It is pointed out that the Grand Duke undoubtedly was loved by the army while the Emperor was possibly unknown to it and was not an inspiring influence. It is considered that the fact that the morale of the Russian army has been shaken makes the outlook for it under the Emperor's command more unfavorable, as the German armies continue their pressure upon and battering of the Russian lines."

BELIEVES E-7 HAS BEEN SUNK.

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.]
LONDON, Sept. 16.—The Admiralty announced today that in all probability the British submarine E-7 had been sunk off the Dardanelles.

ONE DEAD; HEAVY DAMAGE IN AN OKLAHOMA FLOOD.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

BARTLESVILLE (Okla.) Sept. 16.—One life has been lost, property damaged to an extent estimated at \$500,000 and train service demoralized on three railroads, as the result of the worst flood that has overwhelmed this section in twenty-five years.

Thomas Christman, a ranchman, lost his life near Pawhuset today while attempting to ford a creek. Two

bridges have been washed out on the Midland Valley Railroad, and two large steel highway bridges were swept away in Cherokee county, several hundred feet of track of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas and Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroads, south and west of here, have been washed out, and hundreds of passengers are stranded here. The Caney River still is rising tonight, and the crest of the flood is expected tomorrow.

Specular.

FIGHTING IN MOUNTAINS TEN THOUSAND FEET HIGH.

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.]

ROME (via Paris) Sept. 16, 11:30 p.m.—The following statement from general headquarters respecting the progress of the campaign, was issued today:

"Our mountaineer detachments during the day of September 14 made bold raids against the enemy's position at Cresta, Villa Corvo (10,000 feet) at the head of the Fosse Torent and at Conca di Prensia, in the upper Genova Valley.

"Climbing the most difficult ground and hardihood, the Alpines reached

Advancing.

STEADY GAINS REPORTED BY AUSTRIAN IN GALICIA.

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.]

VIENNA, Sept. 16 (via London.)

The following official communication was issued today:

"Russian war theater: All the Russian attempts to shake our East Galician front remain without result. Yesterday the enemy, employing a large quantity of artillery munitions, directed his main attacks against our front on the middle strip of the river. He was repulsed everywhere.

"Our troops co-operated in flank attacks from the Bucovina bridgehead and in the region south of Zolozca. The village of Zolozca, twenty kilometers (about twelve and one-half miles) south of Zolozca, was taken by

Russian Offensive.

(Continued from First Page.)

well as to the north of the Chalons camp.

"There has been a bombardment by both sides with guns of various calibers between the Alsace and the Argonne. At St. Hubert a combat with large bombs has occurred, our artillery firing here, and as those immediately involved, as no American meat products have been shipped to Europe neutrals since last May, and the unfavorable result of the packers' case is likely to cause further stoppage of this trade.

"In the forest of Le Pretre, the activity of German mine throwers has provoked a violent reply from our own batteries. The German gunners have poured a structure fire on the organizations of the enemy."

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GIVES IMPETUS TO GOOD ROADS.

Officers Elected at Oakland will Push Movement.

Congress Asked to Inquire into Military Plan.

Use of Convicts on Work is Said to be a Success.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

OAKLAND (Cal.) Sept. 16.—Two of the organizations included in the Pan-American road congress in session here met late today to select officers and committees.

The American Highway Association, of which is president, Edgar H. Harrison of Belvoir, Va., president of the Southern Railway, and those other officers as follows: Vice-president, L. W. Page, Washington, D. C.; treasurer, United States Treasurer John Burke, Washington.

A nominating committee, headed by R. H. H. of New York, was appointed by the American Road Builders' Association.

The two-hour dispute the congress adopted a resolution calling on the Congress of the United States to investigate the feasibility and necessity of constructing a system of military highways throughout the country.

The motion was finally adopted as a substitute which had been maintained by the opponents of the resolution.

The original resolution reported and recommended by the Committee on Resolutions called for the indorsement of a plan to include all the military highways throughout the country.

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HESPERIAN NOTE FROM GERMANY.

BERLIN DECLARES THERE IS NO EVIDENCE SHIP WAS SUNK BY SUBMARINE.

[BY A. P. DAY WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—Germany's note informing the United States that there is no reason to believe that the Allan liner Hesperian was sunk by a submarine was received late today at the State Department.

Secretary Lansing stated that no action in connection with the Hesperian case was contemplated at this time. There is no evidence before the department to prove whether the liner was attacked or struck by a mine.

The German note declared all reports received from submarine commanders indicated that there was no submarine in the vicinity when the explosion which wrecked the Hesperian occurred. The note expressed the belief that the vessel was blown up by a mine in view of the nature of the explosion and the fact that it was well forward.

Although dispatches from London and Queenstown at the time stated that the Hesperian had been torpedoed by a submarine, so far as is known here nobody on board has claimed to have seen a submarine torpedo.

NOTE ON DUMBA NOW IN VIENNA.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—An announcement was made at the State Department late today of the receipt of a message from the American legation of Bern, Switzerland, stating that the note asking for the recall of Ambassador Dumba was delivered in Vienna on September 10.

Officials were unable to explain the failure of the American embassy at Vienna to acknowledge receipt of the note but it is presumed that telegraphic communication was interrupted between Vienna and Bern.

The United States government reached its destination.

CASH DIVIDEND FIFTY PER CENT.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—The General Motors company announced tonight that it had declared a cash dividend of 50 per cent, being \$50 per share on the common stock.

The announcement followed a long meeting of directors and leading stockholders. The company has done a large export business in automobiles and motor trucks since the outbreak of the war. Gross sales for the year just ended were \$14,455,000, as compared with \$5,372,000 in the previous year.

The annual report, which was distributed before the declaration of the dividend, showed net profits of \$26,000 for the fiscal year, which ended July 31 last, as compared with \$1,947,000 in the previous year.

After the payment of interest and dividends on the 7 per cent preferred stock, there were left in undivided profits \$13,400,000, against \$5,201,000 at the end of the previous year. The common stock dividend calls for a payment of \$5,253,000.

Emergency.

SPECIAL TRAIN TO MEXICO TO PICK UP FOREIGNERS.

[BY A. P. DAY WIRE.]

EL PASO (Tex.) Sept. 16.—A special train was sent south today to pick up foreigners and bring them to the border here.

Another special is being made up at Chihuahua City to penetrate along the main and branch lines of the Villa railroad. From it messengers are to ride into isolated camps, sometimes a day's journey, to conduct foreigners to stations where they can be picked up.

State Department advices received today confirmed Washington dispatches to the cause of the advice to Americans to withdraw from Northern Mexico.

It was stated in the advices that the order was issued because of the increased number of bandits and the unsettled conditions in Chihuahua and other places. The measure was taken, it was said, to avoid possible kidnappings, demands for ransom and other violence at the hands of these bands which have occurred recently in Chihuahua.

Every effort is being made by representatives of foreign corporations and governments here to carry out the advice of the State Department.

Argonne.

CROWN PRINCE'S VICTORY IS PLEASING TO GERMANY.

[BY WIRELESS AND A. P.]

BERLIN, Sept. 16 (by wireless from Tuckerton, N. J.).—"News of the recent victory of the Crown Prince's army in the Argonne forest has been received with general satisfaction," the Overseas News Agency says today.

"Reports from the front say that troops under Gen. Von Mudra, comprising Wurttemberg, Lotharing and Posen regiments were in readiness for action early in the morning. At 5 o'clock the artillery opened with firing of unprecedented violence. The rain of shells demolished the enemy trenches and took the morale of the French troops."

"The exhaustive preparation by artillery fire which the Germans had made resulted in their suffering comparatively small losses.

"French soldiers who were taken prisoners appeared terribly exhausted and depressed."

"In contradiction of his contention, Sir Samuel Evans, who decided this case, stated in another case."

"In the 'Antares' case March 8, 1915 (as reported in Lloyd's List) it was pointed out by the judge that the exports of American copper to Germany had increased for a period during the war corresponding with a similar period in 1913 from about 7,000,000 in 1913 to over 25,000,000 in 1914, but, said the president (Sir Samuel Evans), I am not saying for the purpose of this is proof that this copper was intended for Germany."

"In referring to the large increase in shipments of coal from England to neutral countries since the beginning of hostilities Premier Asquith said: 'That this increase in the exports of coal from Great Britain to Scandinavian countries was not due to all-to-their being ultimately destined to Germany as the fact was that these countries were deprived of the time being of the supplies that they have been accustomed to receive from the enemy countries.'

"The Times of five, ten, fifteen and twenty years ago contains advertisements of many of the same big, successful men who are represented in the advertising columns of today's Times."

The only tie that binds these advertisers to this newspaper is the results they get from the advertising space they buy, and they have continued to use The Times solely because it brings them quicker and more satisfactory results than any other local publicity medium.

The community-of-interest spirit that obtains between Times readers and Times advertisers makes Times advertisements dividend-paying investments, and regularly enables this newspaper to overwhelm all its local contemporaries, and lead every other newspaper in the world, in the volume of advertising printed.

"THE PROOF OF THE PUDDING IS THE EATING."

Advertising is the most potent selling force in any business establishment, and the fact that successful merchants, tradesmen, agents and brokers in Los Angeles have used The Times' advertising columns for more than twenty years is proof positive that they have been taught by experience that they cannot make a mistake in concentrating their advertising in this newspaper.

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PERU AND CHILE DISAPPOINTED.

Desire American Exporters to Build up Trade.

Special Agent from McAdoo has Just Returned.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—Dr. L. S. Rowe, secretary-treasurer of the Pan-American Congress, who returned today from a two months' trip to South America, where he studied financial, industrial and commercial conditions, declared that in Peru and Chile, especially, he found a feeling of disappointment that American exporters had not taken advantage of the opportunity to build up closer trade relations.

Dr. Rowe, who is professor of political science at the University of Pennsylvania, was also entrusted with a special mission by Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo to confer with finance ministers with a view to giving early effect to the resolutions passed by the recent Washington meeting of the congress.

Dr. Rowe said in a note to the American exporters that the failure of the congress to adjust themselves to the changed conditions brought about by the European war. He found that they appeared unwilling to grant credit—such as South American countries were accustomed to receive. Manufacturers here must overcome this if they would capture the trade of South America, in the opinion of Dr. Rowe.

He also found more rapid communication between this country and South America, a crying need of the day.

"Throughout South America, particularly in Chile and Peru," Dr. Rowe continued, "there is a marked feeling of disappointment at the failure of American manufacturers and merchants to avail themselves of the extraordinary opportunity for the development of closer trade relations which the present European conflict has made possible."

"The entire commercial system of South America has been built up on the basis of long-term credits—a minimum of ninety days, and often extended to six months."

Dr. Rowe said the American manufacturers generally insisted on cash payments.

CANNONADING IN CAUCASUS.

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.]

PETROGRAD, Sept. 16 (via London, Sept. 17.)—The official communication concerning the fight in the Caucasus issued today, says:

"There has been rifle fighting in the coast region. In the direction of Chirchik, there has been cannonading in the village of Khilaspore. In the direction of Dousars our patrols have overthrown those of the enemy who reached Khilaspore."

"On the remainder of the front the situation is stationary."

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Fifty Cents On the Dollar

(Continued from First Page.)

Canadian securities. Local financiers who discussed this plan said that exact details of the plan had not been divulged but declared it possible that the big loan, if made, would depend upon Canadian backing for completion.

Efforts to obtain any comment from the office of James J. Hill on the report proved fruitless and none of the local bankers close to Mr. Hill would discuss the rumor. Mr. Hill is now in New York with other American financiers negotiating with the members of the Anglo-French commission.

LEWIS OBJECTS TO WAR LOAN.

ILLINOIS SENATOR THINKS IT WOULD INVOKE TROUBLE.

Also, He Says, the Security Offered is that of Countries Already Taxed Beyond Their Resources and This Leaves Us No Way to Collect on the Collateral.

CHICAGO, Sept. 16.—Senator J. Hamilton Lewis today made public a letter which he has sent to Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo and the Federal Reserve Board, protesting against the proposed \$1,000,000,000 war loan.

Senator Lewis said his purpose in making the letter public was so that the public might counsel with the bankers "looking to the proper guardianship of the money of the people."

The loan, he said, would invite repetition of the panic of 1873 and 1893. In the course of his letter the Senator says:

"The amount demanded by these financiers of Europe is \$1,000,000,000. The statement from two official bankers of the government is that the amount of usable money in America in excess of reserve and money already obligated is \$2,000,000,000."

"It will be seen that if the billion sought goes to the foreign bankers one-half of all the cash in America is taken from the American people. This at a time when the American people and the American government have no other source of money to resort to in the event of any emergency breaking upon the United States."

WHAT IT MEANS.
 "This amount of money leaving us means: "One hundred millions taken from ten of our commercial centers. "One million taken from 1000 of our agricultural and manufacturing centers."

"All this at a time when the revenue of America shows a deficit occasioned by the European war, thereby cutting off imports and necessitating the borrowings by America from itself or the increasing of the taxes of the citizens if there be deficiency of money in America to meet an American government loan."

"The effect of this foreign loan would be to take \$1,000,000,000 from the people of their own money and lend it to nations which are spending \$15,000,000 a day. In sixty days all of that money will be spent by the foreign nations and we will have in its place securities of two or three countries issued upon a credit already taxed by their resources and we will have the money left by law to collect the collateral."

"This condition would bring on a crisis in this country as in 1873 and in 1892, when panics were brought on America by sending our money out of the country to deliver the failing fortunes of Europe."

GREAT SUM LOST.
 "Remember, we never recovered that money. We got securities in concerns that went into receivers' hands and into bankruptcy as collateral or payment for those lost millions."

"Our business men and farmers need the available money now in America to initiate and sustain home enterprises, give employment to labor and increase commerce."

"Now, if it be said that our people do not need the money at home and that it should be loaned abroad, then I suggest that we lend it to South America. There we would have a chance to build up trade and we would get a collateral and security resting on empires of available land. This is the same form of collateral we were able to give Europe upon which we obtained loans in the days of our needs. By this system, I suggest, it will be seen that no charge of discrimination against any European country now at war could be made. America would lose nothing while our commercial interests and national defenses would not be jeopardized."

LEWIS'S LETTER RECEIVED.
 WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—Senator Lewis's letter was laid before the Federal Reserve Board today and without discussion was turned over to Gov. Hamilton for acknowledgment. The reply probably will be considered by the board tomorrow and sent at once to the Senator. It was understood tonight that it will be brief with a concise statement that the board is in no way interested in the efforts of the Anglo-French commission and does not feel that it has any supervisory powers in respect to it.

SENATOR LANE OPPOSES LOAN.
 EUGENE (Or.) Sept. 16.—Harry K. Lane, United States Senator from Oregon, expressed himself today as being opposed to the proposed American loan of \$1,000,000,000 to England and France.

Unseasonable.

EAST BLISTERS IN GREAT HEAT.

Schools in Boston Closed, Teachers Prostrated.

Many Deaths are Reported; Heavy Hail in Texas.

Southeastern Kansas Again Threatened by Floods.

(BY DIRECT WIRE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)
 NEW YORK BUREAU OF THE TIMES, Sept. 16.—All September heat records were broken today in the New England and Middle Atlantic States. Several deaths and scores of prostrations were reported. At the same time came dispatches telling of the heaviest hail in the history of parts of Texas, falling while the sun was shining brightly. Special dispatches also tell of deaths by lightning in Indiana and Pennsylvania.

The East is the principal sufferer from the unseasonable heat. In parts of New York and Massachusetts public schools have been closed until cooler weather is assured. Schools in Boston closed two days ago, after a number of teachers and pupils had been prostrated.

In this city there were three deaths and a score of prostrations, but the schools have not been closed. Deaths were reported at Worcester, Mass., two in Boston and others at New York, Philadelphia, and New Jersey. Philadelphia, which has been baking for several days, secured slight relief today. Western Pennsylvania was very hot. Pittsburgh and other cities reporting temperatures above 90 deg.

HAIL RUINS MEXICAN FLAG.
 EL PASO (Tex.) Sept. 16.—Even the elements were against the Mexican Independence Day celebration today on the border. After the police had stopped a September 15 celebration in Alamo Plaza, had ordered all Mexican flags removed except where American flags were secreted over them, and had turned Villa's secret service chief back at the bridge because his packard was trimmed with tricolor stars of Mexico, the hailstorm in the history of El Paso and Juarez started falling and continued for more than an hour.

The hail fell from a sunny sky and covered the streets with white. The hail fell with such violence that the Mexican flags were torn to ribbons and the colors run as a result of the rain which followed the hailstorm. Leaves were beaten from trees and plants and flowers broken by the hail.

SCHOOLS CLOSED IN THE EAST.
 NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—The New England and Middle Atlantic States were in the grip of an unprecedented September heat wave today. Schools in nearly all of the larger cities and towns were closed. Schools also were closed in Philadelphia and in New York State. Prostrations in many New England cities and towns were reported. There was one death in New York.

FLOOD DANGER OVER IN KANSAS.
 KANSAS CITY (Mo.) Sept. 16.—Reports of improvements in conditions came today from all parts of the section of Southwest Missouri and Southeastern Kansas threatened by floods. While a general rain prevailed over practically all of Kansas and Missouri during the last twenty-four hours, the precipitation had ceased at the points menaced by high water, and based on Weather Bureau predictions that the rain was over, fears of serious damage were passing.

ONE DEATH AT TOLEDO.
 TOLEDO (O.) Sept. 16.—The maximum temperature here today was 93 deg. One person died as the result of the heat wave and five were reported overcome.

NEW HAMPSHIRE CLOSES SCHOOLS.
 MANCHESTER (N. H.) Sept. 16.—Two deaths and scores of prostrations were caused by the hot wave in New Hampshire today, the mercury reaching 100 deg. in the shade by street thermometers. Many schools were closed and business was partly suspended throughout the State.

DEATHS REPORTED AT PITTSBURGH.
 PITTSBURGH (Pa.) Sept. 16.—Although the government thermometer in the Weather Bureau here did not cross 90 deg. today, it touched 89.9, and there was much suffering in the mills. Two deaths were reported and there were many prostrations.

THREE DEATHS IN PHILADELPHIA.
 PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 16.—The mercury here today reached 88 deg., causing three deaths. The fatalities resulted from the present hot wave total 14.

HEAT KILLS ARTIST.
 William Davis of New York Found Dead in His Studio Before an Unfinished Landscape.
 NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—William Davis, an artist, was found dead in his studio today before an unfinished landscape, clad in his artist's apron and with palette and brush in his hands. He was a victim of the heat. Mr. Davis was 68 years old and was known as one of the best restorers of paintings in the country. He was born in England.

THE WEATHER BACK EAST.

Torrid Wave Again Descends All Over the Country, and Numerous Deaths are Reported.

(BY DIRECT WIRE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)
 CHICAGO BUREAU OF THE TIMES, Sept. 16.—Torrid weather again descended upon the Middle West today, causing a rapid change from wraps to light summer clothing. Maximum temperature was 88 deg., a rise of 20 deg. Eastern States are very hot, schools are closing and there are numerous deaths. The Southwest and Northwest also became hotter today, but the heat was slightly tempered by rains. Other temperatures:

Chicago, Ill.	83	66
St. Louis, Mo.	82	65
St. Paul, Minn.	81	64
Chicago, Ill.	80	63
St. Louis, Mo.	79	62
St. Paul, Minn.	78	61
Chicago, Ill.	77	60
St. Louis, Mo.	76	59
St. Paul, Minn.	75	58
Chicago, Ill.	74	57
St. Louis, Mo.	73	56
St. Paul, Minn.	72	55
Chicago, Ill.	71	54
St. Louis, Mo.	70	53
St. Paul, Minn.	69	52
Chicago, Ill.	68	51
St. Louis, Mo.	67	50
St. Paul, Minn.	66	49
Chicago, Ill.	65	48
St. Louis, Mo.	64	47
St. Paul, Minn.	63	46
Chicago, Ill.	62	45
St. Louis, Mo.	61	44
St. Paul, Minn.	60	43
Chicago, Ill.	59	42
St. Louis, Mo.	58	41
St. Paul, Minn.	57	40
Chicago, Ill.	56	39
St. Louis, Mo.	55	38
St. Paul, Minn.	54	37
Chicago, Ill.	53	36
St. Louis, Mo.	52	35
St. Paul, Minn.	51	34
Chicago, Ill.	50	33
St. Louis, Mo.	49	32
St. Paul, Minn.	48	31
Chicago, Ill.	47	30
St. Louis, Mo.	46	29
St. Paul, Minn.	45	28
Chicago, Ill.	44	27
St. Louis, Mo.	43	26
St. Paul, Minn.	42	25
Chicago, Ill.	41	24
St. Louis, Mo.	40	23
St. Paul, Minn.	39	22
Chicago, Ill.	38	21
St. Louis, Mo.	37	20
St. Paul, Minn.	36	19
Chicago, Ill.	35	18
St. Louis, Mo.	34	17
St. Paul, Minn.	33	16
Chicago, Ill.	32	15
St. Louis, Mo.	31	14
St. Paul, Minn.	30	13
Chicago, Ill.	29	12
St. Louis, Mo.	28	11
St. Paul, Minn.	27	10
Chicago, Ill.	26	9
St. Louis, Mo.	25	8
St. Paul, Minn.	24	7
Chicago, Ill.	23	6
St. Louis, Mo.	22	5
St. Paul, Minn.	21	4
Chicago, Ill.	20	3
St. Louis, Mo.	19	2
St. Paul, Minn.	18	1
Chicago, Ill.	17	0
St. Louis, Mo.	16	-1
St. Paul, Minn.	15	-2
Chicago, Ill.	14	-3
St. Louis, Mo.	13	-4
St. Paul, Minn.	12	-5
Chicago, Ill.	11	-6
St. Louis, Mo.	10	-7
St. Paul, Minn.	9	-8
Chicago, Ill.	8	-9
St. Louis, Mo.	7	-10
St. Paul, Minn.	6	-11
Chicago, Ill.	5	-12
St. Louis, Mo.	4	-13
St. Paul, Minn.	3	-14
Chicago, Ill.	2	-15
St. Louis, Mo.	1	-16
St. Paul, Minn.	0	-17
Chicago, Ill.	-1	-18
St. Louis, Mo.	-2	-19
St. Paul, Minn.	-3	-20
Chicago, Ill.	-4	-21
St. Louis, Mo.	-5	-22
St. Paul, Minn.	-6	-23
Chicago, Ill.	-7	-24
St. Louis, Mo.	-8	-25
St. Paul, Minn.	-9	-26
Chicago, Ill.	-10	-27
St. Louis, Mo.	-11	-28
St. Paul, Minn.	-12	-29
Chicago, Ill.	-13	-30
St. Louis, Mo.	-14	-31
St. Paul, Minn.	-15	-32
Chicago, Ill.	-16	-33
St. Louis, Mo.	-17	-34
St. Paul, Minn.	-18	-35
Chicago, Ill.	-19	-36
St. Louis, Mo.	-20	-37
St. Paul, Minn.	-21	-38
Chicago, Ill.	-22	-39
St. Louis, Mo.	-23	-40
St. Paul, Minn.	-24	-41
Chicago, Ill.	-25	-42
St. Louis, Mo.	-26	-43
St. Paul, Minn.	-27	-44
Chicago, Ill.	-28	-45
St. Louis, Mo.	-29	-46
St. Paul, Minn.	-30	-47
Chicago, Ill.	-31	-48
St. Louis, Mo.	-32	-49
St. Paul, Minn.	-33	-50
Chicago, Ill.	-34	-51
St. Louis, Mo.	-35	-52
St. Paul, Minn.	-36	-53
Chicago, Ill.	-37	-54
St. Louis, Mo.	-38	-55
St. Paul, Minn.	-39	-56
Chicago, Ill.	-40	-57
St. Louis, Mo.	-41	-58
St. Paul, Minn.	-42	-59
Chicago, Ill.	-43	-60
St. Louis, Mo.	-44	-61
St. Paul, Minn.	-45	-62
Chicago, Ill.	-46	-63
St. Louis, Mo.	-47	-64
St. Paul, Minn.	-48	-65
Chicago, Ill.	-49	-66
St. Louis, Mo.	-50	-67
St. Paul, Minn.	-51	-68
Chicago, Ill.	-52	-69
St. Louis, Mo.	-53	-70
St. Paul, Minn.	-54	-71
Chicago, Ill.	-55	-72
St. Louis, Mo.	-56	-73
St. Paul, Minn.	-57	-74
Chicago, Ill.	-58	-75
St. Louis, Mo.	-59	-76
St. Paul, Minn.	-60	-77
Chicago, Ill.	-61	-78
St. Louis, Mo.	-62	-79
St. Paul, Minn.	-63	-80
Chicago, Ill.	-64	-81
St. Louis, Mo.	-65	-82
St. Paul, Minn.	-66	-83
Chicago, Ill.	-67	-84
St. Louis, Mo.	-68	-85
St. Paul, Minn.	-69	-86
Chicago, Ill.	-70	-87
St. Louis, Mo.	-71	-88
St. Paul, Minn.	-72	-89
Chicago, Ill.	-73	-90
St. Louis, Mo.	-74	-91
St. Paul, Minn.	-75	-92
Chicago, Ill.	-76	-93
St. Louis, Mo.	-77	-94
St. Paul, Minn.	-78	-95
Chicago, Ill.	-79	-96
St. Louis, Mo.	-80	-97
St. Paul, Minn.	-81	-98
Chicago, Ill.	-82	-99
St. Louis, Mo.	-83	-100
St. Paul, Minn.	-84	-101
Chicago, Ill.	-85	-102
St. Louis, Mo.	-86	-103
St. Paul, Minn.	-87	-104
Chicago, Ill.	-88	-105
St. Louis, Mo.	-89	-106
St. Paul, Minn.	-90	-107
Chicago, Ill.	-91	-108
St. Louis, Mo.	-92	-109
St. Paul, Minn.	-93	-110
Chicago, Ill.	-94	-111
St. Louis, Mo.	-95	-112
St. Paul, Minn.	-96	-113
Chicago, Ill.	-97	-114
St. Louis, Mo.	-98	-115
St. Paul, Minn.	-99	-116
Chicago, Ill.	-100	-117
St. Louis, Mo.	-101	-118
St. Paul, Minn.	-102	-119
Chicago, Ill.	-103	-120
St. Louis, Mo.	-104	-121
St. Paul, Minn.	-105	-122
Chicago, Ill.	-106	-123
St. Louis, Mo.	-107	-124
St. Paul, Minn.	-108	-125
Chicago, Ill.	-109	-126
St. Louis, Mo.	-110	-127
St. Paul, Minn.	-111	-128
Chicago, Ill.	-112	-129
St. Louis, Mo.	-113	-130
St. Paul, Minn.	-114	-131
Chicago, Ill.	-115	-132
St. Louis, Mo.	-116	-133
St. Paul, Minn.	-117	-134
Chicago, Ill.	-118	-135
St. Louis, Mo.	-119	-136
St. Paul, Minn.	-120	-137
Chicago, Ill.	-121	-138
St. Louis, Mo.	-122	-139
St. Paul, Minn.	-123	-140
Chicago, Ill.	-124	-141
St. Louis, Mo.	-125	-142
St. Paul, Minn.	-126	-143
Chicago, Ill.	-127	-144
St. Louis, Mo.	-128	-145
St. Paul, Minn.	-129	-146
Chicago, Ill.	-130	-147
St. Louis, Mo.	-131	-148
St. Paul, Minn.	-132	-149
Chicago, Ill.	-133	-150
St. Louis, Mo.	-134	-151
St. Paul, Minn.	-135	-152
Chicago, Ill.	-136	-153
St. Louis, Mo.	-137	-154
St. Paul, Minn.	-138	-155
Chicago, Ill.	-139	-156
St. Louis, Mo.	-140	-157
St. Paul, Minn.	-141	-158
Chicago, Ill.	-142	-159
St. Louis, Mo.	-143	-160
St. Paul, Minn.	-144	-161
Chicago, Ill.	-145	-162
St. Louis, Mo.	-146	-163
St. Paul, Minn.	-147	-164
Chicago, Ill.	-148	-165
St. Louis, Mo.	-149	-166
St. Paul, Minn.	-150	-167
Chicago, Ill.	-151	-168
St. Louis, Mo.	-152	-169
St. Paul, Minn.	-153	-170
Chicago, Ill.	-154	-171
St. Louis, Mo.	-155	-172
St. Paul, Minn.	-156	-173
Chicago, Ill.	-157	-174
St. Louis, Mo.	-158	-175
St. Paul, Minn.	-159	-176
Chicago, Ill.	-160	-177
St. Louis, Mo.	-161	-178
St. Paul, Minn.	-162	-179
Chicago, Ill.	-163	-180
St. Louis, Mo.	-164	-181
St. Paul, Minn.	-165	-182

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 double and single, all conven-
 iences, privileges; on 4th Ave. S. E.
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 double and single, all conven-
 iences, high-class, beautiful, private
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 water, private baths. See S. E.
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 furnished room; no walking distance.
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 TO LET—412 TEMPLE ST., CLEAR
 able sleeping rooms, \$1.50 per week
 including breakfast. 21197.
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 and wife sleeping, close in, \$2.50 and
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 furnished, private bath, close in.
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 Alameda boulevards. 21200.
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Furnished rooms in private home. All
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Houseskeeping Rooms. Furnished &
Unfurnished.

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OWNER, GOOD CHICKEN ETC.

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electricity, central heating, all modern
amenities. 1228 EL MOLINO ST.
Call Edo Medina, Cal. Tels. 424-2241.

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two share ny 5-room modern bungalow.

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A beautiful and artistically decorated flat
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District. In the Westlake District.
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FLAT, on corner 10th and 10th Ave. in
the Westlake District. Excellent location.
In the Westlake District. In the Westlake
District. In the Westlake District.
TO LET—4-5 ROOM HOUSE
on corner 10th and 10th Ave. in
the Westlake District. Excellent location.
In the Westlake District. In the Westlake
District. In the Westlake District.

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BURN SIDE, new and modern
style, Holmes and Narver, 1515
1st St. NE, 1515 REID ST.
1515 REID ST.

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with 1000 sq. ft. building, new
rooms, complete in 1950. 1515
1515 REID ST. 1515 REID ST.

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tenure, hardwood floors, new
kitchen, new bathroom, new
furniture, 1004 EIGHTH AVE.
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north of Franklin Park, 418
home 2141.

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\$225 per month, 1114 VAN
1114 VAN HURST ST. 1114
VAN HURST ST.

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GOUTH 1415-4.

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and garage at 912 S.
912 S.

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TO W. LETH, between
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TO LET—NEW 1 room
rent \$200, and lot near
\$27.50, water free. Call
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 situated on 40 per M.
 second-hand goods
 claims each and
 claims and doors, worth
 cost \$50, one price
 new gas engine, for
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 0 per cent of original
 claim table, remaining
 of surplus
 One-half the price of
 5-million pairs, with 10
 million pairs, with 10
 1/2 of these pairs
 numbered 50 million each. No
 on 12 per cent.

lead pipe and plumbing
 installed new fixtures at
 prices
 good second-hand tool
 WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE
 750 So. San Pedro St.
 ALICE—AT A VERY LOW PRICE
 in good condition, for
 Phone WEST 1040 today.

ALICE—TO BE MOVED, Same
 house, same place, same
 Co., Main 7127, 7411

E—SHOW CASE, ONE
 in stock in the West.
 KUTURE CO., 318-639 & 5th Ave.

LITE—FIREPROOF AND
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nichel lights
 with daffety be
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 combination di
 -passage
 electric lights
 Single masterc
 for 1914 and
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 C. DANIELS, 2
 Phone: 3

IF YOU KNOW T
 BIRMINGHAM ARIZ
 in the West
 that you can c
 elsewhere. Wp
 have nothing
 others must b

212 S. Hill St.
L.F. OFFICE: RAFFI, IN MEMPHIS
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L.F. -
For quick action, my answer to the
news" in Times" letter looks to come
in office buildings. The business of
are printed in the Times "later action."

HARD TABLES
And Samples
NEW - NEW AND SECOND-HAND
pocket-billiard tables, for sale
at 1000-1041
We trust the public will
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COLLIERIDGE CO. 846 & 1000-1041

SALE—
Furniture.
EXCHANGE
TABLE-4 ROOMS
Furnishings, 2 beautiful
I body brass, 1 brass
ing out, quarter-sawn oak; 1
lounge, 1 wash, 1
one that was used and

and ready to do
use to show it.
Phone
the large
Pacific Coast, of
Stanford
COMMERCIAL CLEARING
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SALE—POPE-HAM
one month ago
to retain it, over
to give you a splendid
at a ridiculously
continued with a
table, complete
around; also one new
price.
the car at 1114-1

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Wine by phone. 1400 CHERRY
ST. SEVERAL ARTICLES OF FUR
CAR, OR RABBIT, OR HOUND, IN
small stand. All reasonable. 300
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1000 grade, reasonable. 1001 Main
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11.50. 2024 W. 20TH ST.

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USED AUTOMOBILES
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 ...\$500. See MR. KENT at the
 ...Pine at Flomona.
 ...OUR LIST OF CURED CASES
 ...every two days.
 ...L'COMB'S COMPANY
 ...Flomona.
 ...AUTOMOBILE FOR WASH.
 ...case, there is a
 ...will give you a
 ...case, for and
 ...601 E. WASHINGTON
 ...1912, 5-PASSENGER
 ...result, received
 ...The best
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mobilia.

**BANK BANDITS
NOT ROMANTIC.**

*Captured Outlaw is Brought
Back to this City.*

*Glad One Pal is Dead; Hopes
Other will Die.*

*"Yellow Streak" Causes
Apprehension.*

William Juber, a fat-faced Russian with a friendly sort of a smile, and looking like someone one has seen before, was brought back from San Francisco last night in custody of Police Sergeant John Stelzer, to face trial for having assisted in the robbery of the Home Savings Bank, August 26. His only satisfaction is that George Nelson was killed, and he hopes Charlie Boutoff will be killed, too.

He is in mortal fear of both, and alleges they bulldozed him out of his share of the loot. He was described by the doctors in the Receiving Hospital as having a "yellow streak" as wide as the Milky Way, and when he stripped to have his wound dressed, he showed two hair on his chest. For a nihilist and a bandit and bank robber, he is a disappointing specimen from a romantic viewpoint.

Strangely, he is delighted to be in jail, and instead of being bothered by the guard from the railroad station to the police station last night, he was anxious that it be larger. Always he is in terrible fear of Charlie Boutoff, and swears Boutoff, not caught, will kill him. Evidently his companions suspected him of being a quitter and a confederate of doubtful service.

NO SAND.

Had he not been "yellow" the bandits would still be at large, for it was only because he had a "white liver," as the police surgeons put it, that the outlaws were exposed. Juber did not need to go to a surgeon at all for treatment, but he was being treated, giving some pain, but not enough to warrant any exposure.

"His arm didn't hurt him very much," said Juber, "but he was a night, and if he had his nerve he would never have gone to a doctor and risked getting caught. His going there is enough to brand him as lacking real sand."

The police surgeons dressed the broken arm, putting it in wire splints. Juber said the bullet lodged in the flesh after putting it in. George Nelson cut it out that night with a razor, then they poured peroxide of hydrogen in the wound to sterilize it. Juber would never attract a second glance, unless from a psychologist, and then as a good example of a low-class man. He is of medium height, with a great shock of chestnut hair, slightly curly, flaring out over a pinched brow. His eyes are blue and rather mild, with a suppressed glint of cunning, like those of a man who would shun a fight, but would give a victim a terrible beating if he got him down. His nose is long and up-tipped, a smiling sort of a nose. It is his mouth that disgusts one—a rat's mouth, drawn about a weak chin. And he is unclean in his habits.

CONFESION.

When taken to the City Jail he made a complete and detailed confession to Detective Sergeant J. C. Chapman and Detectives Bowe and McCann. He detailed the preparations for the robbery, saying the three selected the Boyle Heights branch bank because things looked quiet in that community. He said they waited at the police station several days and saw little activity there.

Then they chartered an automobile downtown, kicked the driver out on East Seventh street, and drove to the scene of the looting.

After their sensational flight in the commandeer car, they returned to the North Virgil street shack, and laid low.

Juber said he never got a cent of the money. He thinks Boutoff got most of it, although he has a suspicion that Boutoff and Nelson were in cahoots to cheat him out of his share. Both men had him overawed.

At the idea that the three were members of a secret Russian organization plotting crimes on the Pacific Coast, he only smiled. He said they had nothing to organize for, and discredited any idea that Nelson had roamed messages on him at the time of his death, when he took his life after a six-hours fight with the San Francisco police.

LAWYER'S STATEMENT.

S. S. Hahn, attorney for Juber, announced later that his client proposes to repudiate any confession. The lawyer declared that the prisoner had been subjected to by the San Francisco police, and that through fear he made statements which he now insists are before fact.

BEFORE WAR WAS DECLARED.

Germany sent a Wireless Message All over the World for Her Ships to Seek a Neutral Port.

[Boston Transcript:] Light is gradually being thrown on the actions of Germany during the first week in August last year. An interesting disclosure was made at the annual meeting of the British Marconi Company in London. The chairman said that the German government sent this wireless message all over the world from ships to ships—August 4, seven hours before war was declared between Germany and Britain: "War declared upon England. Make as quickly as you can for neutral port." Germany wanted to save her merchant fleet and by this means her money. Warships in American harbors are valued at \$100,000,000. Germany's chain of wireless stations to her colonies built before the war cost her \$10,000,000. A glance at the Boston docks will illustrate how much she saved, a portion of which was directly due to this wireless message. The Transatlantic Cable alone is worth more than Germany's wireless stations cost to erect; although in the case of the Cable—and probably others—she had had sealed instructions in the ship's safe. "Germany has declared war on England, France and Russia," which instructions were only to be opened when a wireless concerning somebody's illness reached the captain. That wireless stations in war time can save a merchant marine is a fact that should disarm opposition to their cost in any nation that owns ships. Both facts disclosed at the Marconi meeting are well worth remembering, bearing, as they do on the workings of this war and the saving of national assets against the day of peace.

Poses as a Lord.

(Continued from First Page.)

George he would buy the machine outright for him. He could start in the taxicab business for himself. Indeed, he started to write out a check for \$3000, when he decided to wait until he learned the value of the machine.

While the tourist de luxe was on his beach trip the detectives of Nick Harris were searching for him as the author of more than twenty checks, calling for minor sums, ranging from \$10 to \$50. With the aid of officials of the Clark Hotel Taxicab Company, Detective E. L. Olney located the man in Venice, in the Zephyr apartments, where he was attempting to sleep and a bottle of Scotch whisky.

A Mr. Sudin, living at No. 1516 Girard avenue, reported he knew the impostor when the latter was a watchman in a department store. Also Mr. Sudin was under the impression the watchman, known as Oubridge, was a member of a distinguished British family. And the Britisher said he was well known by a Mrs. Helen Randall of San Diego, from which city he recently came here.

But up to the very last minute he insisted he was Lord Athol, a profession that brought little comfort to his creditors and even less consolation to the charged members of the California Club, for he is the first person who ever successfully deceived the watchful staff at that institution of exclusiveness and wealth.

It is believed that persons in San Diego know of the man who poses as Lord Claude Athol. He is supposed to have been a patient of a woman (Christianity) who lived in the city, but last evening she denied all knowledge of the man, although seeming to be greatly agitated when making this denial.

**SANCTION MOVING
OF POSTOFFICE.**

FEDERAL INSPECTORS BELIEVE
PRESENT LOCATION IS
TOO REMOTE.

(LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.)

LONG BEACH, Sept. 16.—Believing the present location of the postoffice is too far from the business center, Federal inspectors today sanctioned a move by business men to relocate the office at Broadway and American avenues. This is the only postoffice in the country, it is said, that has been moved since the Civil War. The business men in the section benefitted clubbing together to pay the owner the monthly dues.

It is now declared that the postoffice will be in the proposed quarters by November 1.

The accessibility of the location to the main Pacific Electric line is another argument put up by those favoring a change.

INTERESTING MUSIC FEATURE.

A musical programme of particular interest is to be offered by Margaret Goetz and Mrs. Cornelia Rice-Possart, who are giving a benefit for the German-Austro-Hungarian Relief Society at Mrs. Irving E. Ingraham's beautiful home on the corner of West Adams and Western avenues. Miss Goetz has been a popular favorite in musical circles here for a number of years, and her programme always holds much enjoyment. She has also appeared with much success in the musical comedy "The Kidder-Possart" is related to the famous actor Ernst Von Possart, to whom Richard Strauss dedicated his "Eroica Arden" music.

SCHOOL ROOF BLOWN OFF.

(LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.)

CLAREMONT, Sept. 16.—Fire, which started from a cauldron of roofing compound which was in course of preparation in the botany building at Pomona College, ignited a small quantity of gasoline in the building and blew the roof off today. The ventilator was torn into fragments. Fire apparatus was called and the building was saved.

THE AERIAL TORPEDO.

Is Inflated with Gas, Has Lifting
Screws, Two Propellers and
Controlled by Wireless.

[Boston Transcript:] It appears that the aerial torpedo in which Germany puts much faith, based on the Swedish invention sold to the Krupp firm, is a somewhat different completed device. The Swedish invention resembles a huge shell fitted with a turbine engine driven by gas pressure; the German air torpedo is more like an airship, fitted with propellers driven by electricity and controlled from a Zeppelin by wireless, according to James Dunn, a war correspondent. The German air torpedo can, theoretically, remain in the air for three hours and can be controlled from a distance of two miles. Both weapons are discharged from a tube like a marine torpedo, but in the case of the German invention two propellers and two lifting screws are automatically started at the moment of discharge. In shape this torpedo, which is about seven feet long, resembles the submarine weapon. It is composed of two cases, the outer of thin chrome nickel and the inner of material similar to that used in Zeppelins. About a sixth of the space at the rear is occupied by an electric accumulator at the bottom and an electric motor generator secured to the top. The motor generator is connected with the turbine engine, which runs through the body of the torpedo. When the air torpedo, after flying through the air, hovers immediately over the selected target, it is made to assume a vertical position, the lifting horizontal screws and propellers are stopped, and the torpedo dives to the ground, carrying a large quantity of high explosive charge at its nose. The charge explodes on contact like an ordinary shell, and it is said that in two torpedoes there is sufficient explosive force to destroy the Tower of London. Originally these air torpedoes were destined to be carried exclusively by Zeppelins, but, owing to certain improvements, it has now been found they can be manipulated by a small, swift craft armed only with aerial torpedoes are building or have been already built. Dunn warns that warships, Germany, it is not a fantastic invention, but a practical weapon.

Defining Kitchenettes.

[Judge:] What air them kitchenettes? I hear tell of in the cities asked Deacon Hyperbole Medders, the somewhat honest agriculturist. "They're the places, Uncle Hy," explained Upson Downs, his city nephew, "in which are moulded or cast or somehow produced a flat dweller's daily round of mealities."

**Very Odd.
GILDED COINS
CAUSE TROUBLE.**

IMPROPER USE OF NICKELS
ACKNOWLEDGED.

Jewelers Declare They Unwittingly
Broke Law Relating to Defacement
of Money—Action Awaits
Location of Man Who Gave Order
for Peculiar Bracelet.

R. Hartfield, an Anaheim jeweler, and W. H. Lesner, a manufacturing jeweler, with offices in the Tinsmith Building, this city, were before Assistant United States District Attorney Moody yesterday, who conducted an investigation of the charges against the men that they had violated the Federal statutes relating to the defacement of coins by plating buffalo nickels. Both men acknowledged that they had broken the law, but alleged that they did so unintentionally, and the District Attorney accepted their view of the situation.

During Lesner's trial an attempt was made to get John B. Gorman, an employee of the Anaheim Sugar Company, to place with Hartfield and Lesner the order for the gilded nickels. Hartfield and Lesner made a trip to Anaheim, in order to show their good faith in the matter, for the purpose of getting Gorman to come to the Federal Building and explain his connection with the matter, but he brought back to Mr. Moody a written statement to the effect that Gorman had voluntarily left the employ of the company at Anaheim on September 7.

It appeared from the investigation yesterday that, after Hartfield had received a bill from Lesner for \$5.50 for the work, the Anaheim man added \$2.50 as his commission on the job, making \$8 in all. While Gorman was making up his mind whether he would pay that amount, the word came that George W. Hansen, secret service agent of the United States Treasury Department, was investigating the matter. Then Gorman offered \$11 for the chain and bracelet, but Hartfield was afraid to let him have the goods. He offered a day or two Gorman left the country. Mr. Moody said yesterday the matter would be allowed to rest until Gorman could be found. The impression is that no complaint will be issued in the case, in view of the explanation.

On the Lookout.

CUTTER SOON
READY FOR USE.

MOVEMENTS WILL BE MARKED
BY SECRET.

Local Federal Authorities Believe
Use of Swift Boat Ellington to
Chase Suspicious Craft will Destroy
Smuggling Operations in
Coastwise Waters.

Almost ready for service is the government's fast cutter Ellington. This is the vessel that slid down the ways at Joe Fellows' shipyard in Wilmington on Admission Day, after being christened by Miss Hilda Frances Fitzgerald, grand-niece of Commissioner-General of Immigration Cammett.

Within a few days the Ellington will be ready to point her nose southward, and the first cruise will be from San Pedro to Ensenada, with some cruising in the vicinity of Catalina Island.

The crew of five, headed by Capt. Dan Kuykendall in command, is to man the swift little boat, the lookout for smugglers. The completion of the vessel has caused a panic among seafarers who have been playing the smuggling game for years. It is said they are arranging to do business by the land route, where danger of apprehension will be much less.

Secretly they mark movements of the boat. Nobody will know just where she is on the lookout for smugglers, but she will be in constant communication with Capt. Charles F. Connell, in charge of the local immigration office, by means of her wireless outfit.

The local authorities are of the

For Tomorrow's
Breakfast

Some New Dishes You
Should Try.

For a delicious breakfast dish that requires no time to prepare and something that will "stick to the ribs," we suggest that you try "FORCE," the breakfast food, and fruit.

One splendid way is to slice a banana into a dish of "FORCE" and cream and sprinkle with powdered sugar, or squeeze the juice of an orange on the "FORCE" and dispense with the cream. Either way, it is delicious.

Don't worry about your children not eating enough—give them "FORCE." It's good for them and they'll like it. Children and grown-ups invariably call for the second helping and eat it with increasing relish day after day.

Made of whole wheat, scientifically eating enough—give them "FORCE." It's good for them and they'll like it. Children and grown-ups invariably call for the second helping and eat it with increasing relish day after day.

Then rolled, toasted and flaked—that's "FORCE" and it's fine. If you haven't yet tried "FORCE," you have a treat waiting you.

Ask your grocer how much "FORCE" he sells as against all other brands of Breakfast Foods.

BRENTWOOD PARK

This residential tract should interest you owing to the fact that the character of many neighborhoods in the city has depreciated on account of the inroads made by apartment-houses and business buildings. Only residences can ever be built at Brentwood Park. Investigate.

J. ALBERT CAMPBELL
320 N. BROADWAY, NEW YORK

opinion that the Ellington, when reinforced by her sister ship that is yet on the ways, will be able to destroy the smuggling industry, no far as ocean transportation is concerned, but there will yet remain the carrying of smoking opium and contraband Chinese by the automobile route across the country. So large is the territory to be watched that in spite of the efforts of the officers it is almost impossible to put a damper on the traffic, and this danger is aggravated when it is considered that the smugglers are unwilling to convict smugglers; that government witnesses often suffer from a loss of memory, and in many cases the courts impose very light sentences.

EFFICIENCY HERE.

Fire Protection in Angeles National Forest Causes Bay City Official to View Features.

The reputation of the Angeles National forest service as to arrangements for fire protection is so high that Roy Headley, assistant district forester, with headquarters in San Francisco, having in charge operations along the lines of fire protection in California, reached Los Angeles yesterday, intending to make a week's trip through the local reserve.

The object of the journey is to get first-hand information in regard to the organization and operation of the forest service in this vicinity, as perfected by Supervisor Charlton, and apply some of the features of the arrangement to other forests in the State. He will make a complete survey of the reserve.

At the recent meeting in San Francisco of the various California supervisors when the rules of the national reserve for the coming year were prepared, the Angeles National forest was a prominent part in the preparation of the rules to prevent forest fires. For several years the work in the local forest has been looked upon by the authorities in San Francisco as a model in every respect.

TWO AUTOS CAPTURED.

Skidding on Wet Street One Car
Buries Couple—Other Mishap in
Venice.

A skidding automobile overturned yesterday crushing beneath it Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Paige, No. 1558 East Vanon avenue. Wet streets made a precarious highway for their car, which was going north on San Pedro street at Twentieth street. Another automobile drove into the crossing at high speed. To avert a collision, Mr. Paige twisted his machine out of the path. The tires could not cling to the slippery street and the car turned turtle.

The Paiges were taken to the Receiving Hospital for treatment. Mrs. Paige's head was cut and she was bruised. Mr. Paige sustained minor injuries. Both were transferred to the Crocker Street Hospital for further attention.

No. 3124 West Seventh street, was caught underneath his overturned machine near Venice early yesterday morning. His injuries were not serious. He was taken to the Receiving Hospital by a passing motorist.

DOESN'T APPEAR.

Man with "Weeping Eye" Fails to
Surrender to the Government on
Fraud Indictment.

J. H. N. Wilson, alias Newton Wilson, alias George A. Bates, better known as "Weeping Eye" Wilson, apparently changed his mind yesterday about surrendering to the government and giving bond under the indictment returned by the Federal grand jury for the second indictment.

It is claimed that Wilson is very busy preparing for his defense in the State courts, where Dr. George B. Rowell of San Bernardino is jointly indicted with him, for securing money under false pretenses and presenting a false claim to an insurance company, that begins in Judge Willis's court September 27.

There are two indictments against Wilson in the State courts, and it was stated yesterday that he is willing to stand guilty to the second indictment charging him with presenting a false claim. That is a felony, but under the discretion of the court a heavy fine can be assessed. Rowell is also represented as being willing to plead guilty, under certain conditions. The State authorities are having considerable trouble in securing the co-operation of the companies that were swindled out of insurance money aggregating \$12,500.

Every effort has been made to locate Wilson since his indictment by the grand jury. He has been seen in information was that he was living in Glendale.

In the letter which Wilson is alleged to have written to a San Diego attorney asking that damages for his supposed injured eye be made as large as possible, he gave as his address Room 423, Bryson Block, Los Angeles, according to the government officials. Abe Hart, an attorney, has occupied Room 423 for some time, and so far as the records show Wilson never did have offices there.

NEW PRINCIPAL.

The principal of the Cumnock School of Expression for the coming year will be Miss Marjory Lacey Baker of Boston, according to an announcement made yesterday by Miss Martha Weaver, director of the school. The position involves administrative as well as pedagogical duties. Miss Baker is well known in the East as a reader and teacher, and has a personality of charm and force which admirably fits her for the new post. She is a graduate of the Leland T. Powers School of Expression in Boston.

Wait for the official Broadway Automobile and Flower Show, October 23, Boston Store Building. Auspices Motor Dealers' Association. The Real Show.

**The Largest
Safe Deposit Department
in the United States**

is to be found in the Security Trust & Savings Bank, at Fifth and Spring Streets.

Over 15,000 boxes, one of which may be rented for as little as \$2.50 per year; besides storage space for valuable packages, which may be had for as little as 50 cents per month.

The construction and manner of conducting this department are most interesting.

Visitors cordially welcomed.

SECURITY TRUST & SAVINGS BANK
The Oldest and Largest Savings Bank in the Southwest
Resources Over \$43,000,000.00

SECURITY BUILDING
Fifth and Spring

EQUITABLE BRANCH
First and Spring

SECURITY NATIONAL BANK
Fourth and Broadway
(Owned by the stockholders of Security Trust & Savings Bank)
A Bank for Every Commercial Financial Need

DR. J. ARTHUR FOSTER, D.D.S.
(For 20 years) **YALE DENTISTS**
444 S. BROADWAY
LOS ANGELES

REDUCED PRICES:
Set of Teeth\$5.00
Best Set\$7.00
Bridge Work\$5.00
Gold Crowns\$4.00
Porcelain Crowns \$4.00

NOTICE
Every Dentist in the office is a Graduate of Long Experience. Do not accept dentists. Teeth and Removable Appliances Without Pain.

ADVERSE CLAIM.
Finally the government exacted a sum of money by Mr. and Mrs. Gould of sufficient amount to make the final determination of that case. The final determination of that case was made by the court. The right to purchase the land was promptly making application therefor and their application was approved. At that time there was no adverse claim or reservation of the land for any purpose, but the issuance of the patent was delayed because Mr. and Mrs. Gould had not yet made application for the land. The only answer of the kind ever filed in that great suit, involving a vast amount of territory in Southern California.

The case was tried and appealed to the United States Supreme Court and was there finally determined in accordance with the pleadings and after the final determination of that case. The final determination of that case was made by the court. The right to purchase the land was promptly making application therefor and their application was approved. At that time there was no adverse claim or reservation of the land for any purpose, but the issuance of the patent was delayed because Mr. and Mrs. Gould had not yet made application for the land. The only answer of the kind ever filed in that great suit, involving a vast amount of territory in Southern California.

The local Land Office decided the case up on Mr. Savage and the decision was applied to that case. The homestead entry of Mr. Savage held for cancellation was for sections 6, 7, 8, and 9, section 21, township 3 north, range 12 west, meridian 12, Los Angeles. The decision was made by the court. The right to purchase the land was promptly making application therefor and their application was approved. At that time there was no adverse claim or reservation of the land for any purpose, but the issuance of the patent was delayed because Mr. and Mrs. Gould had not yet made application for the land. The only answer of the kind ever filed in that great suit, involving a vast amount of territory in Southern California.

Later on the Land Commissioner became aware of the fact that the Gould application had not been disseminated and it transpired that the homestead entry had been disseminated. Thereupon the Commissioner of the General Land Office notified Mr. Savage that he would be required to file a notice of his homestead entry within thirty days within which to show cause why his entry should not be cancelled.

An elaborate showing was made by Mr. Gould, but the commissioner on March 27, 1915, decided adversely to the homestead entry. It was held that the entry of Mr. Savage was defective in that it failed to comply with the provisions of the act of March 3, 1887, which required the submission of a petition for the future designation of the tract by official survey.

The right of Mr. Gould is held to be a vested right at the date of the proclamation, under which the land was not intended by Congress to be authorized the President to confer an existing right to purchase the land at the date of the act of 1887, and the proclamation of 1891 does not affect such a right.

INTERESTING MATTER.
It is noted in the opinion that at the time of the application of the Gould entry to purchase the land in 1907 the tract surveyed, there was no adverse claim or reservation of the land for any purpose, but the issuance of the patent was delayed because Mr. and Mrs. Gould had not yet made application for the land. The only answer of the kind ever filed in that great suit, involving a vast amount of territory in Southern California.

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WINS WAR OF THIRTY YEARS.

Could the Victor in Long Fight for Land.

Veteran Lawyer Given Title to Arroyo Tract.

Story of Remarkable Battle for Valuable Area.

A decision, received yesterday from the local Land Office, from Assistant Secretary of the Interior Sweeney, the right of Will D. Gould and his wife, Mary L. Gould, is confirmed absolutely to a quarter-section of very valuable land near the Arroyo Seco.

The Goulds are the owners of the tract in addition to the tract they own by the decision. The land was bought from the Southern Pacific 150 acres of foothill land, and the government brought suit in the United States District Court to set aside the patent to the Goulds.

Mr. Gould made answer to the suit and further pleading that he and his wife were innocent purchasers from the railroad and that the land should be set aside. This was the answer of the kind ever filed in the land office.

The case was tried and appealed to the United States Supreme Court and was finally determined in accordance with the pleadings and the final determination of that court. At that time there was no claim or reservation of the land for any purpose, but the issue of the patent was delayed because the boundary line on one side of the tract had not been plotted or surveyed in the field.

ADVERSE CLAIM. Finally the government exacted a sum of money by Mr. and Mrs. Gould of sufficient amount to make survey. The survey was made under the official plat filed in the local land office. Then an adverse claim was filed by Mr. Gould, claiming the land and the right to the land and the right to the land and the right to the land.

Mr. Gould's claim was based on the fact that the land was bought from the Southern Pacific 150 acres of foothill land, and the government brought suit in the United States District Court to set aside the patent to the Goulds.

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TWO CHECKS—NO COIN.

Detectives Seek Woman for Passing Worthless Paper—Formerly Haunted District Attorney's Office.

Mrs. Adelaide L. Twitchell, formerly a protegee of Harry Ellis Dean, Chief Deputy District Attorney during the Sebastian trial a few months ago, and an habitual visitor at the District Attorney's office during the weeks of that investigation and legal proceedings, was sought by a detective last night upon a charge of having uttered worthless checks.

Deputy District Attorney Hogan yesterday issued complaints against Mrs. Twitchell, J. L. Flarovich, proprietor of a cafe at No. 322 West Third street, charges she gave him a worthless check for \$5 and E. E. Ford swears that he received a worthless check for \$12.50 from the woman.

Mrs. Twitchell was a busy and familiar figure around the District Attorney's office for a long time and was often seen in the office of Chief Deputy Dean. It was believed that she was retained for one of the female sleuths in the Sebastian case, but this was denied. District Attorney Woolwine issued orders some time ago denying her admittance to the office.

LARGE U.S.C. CLASSES.

Registration in the College of Law, the University of Southern California, apparently will break all records this year, according to figures given out last night by Dean Frank M. Porter. Already 150 freshmen have been enrolled, bringing the class, including the freshmen who entered last semester, to almost 300. Registration will continue for several days. Registration in the College of Physicians and Surgeons of the university is also unusually large this year. The College of Liberal Arts will continue to register students for several days. At the close of the day yesterday the total figures for the year were more than 100 students ahead of the corresponding date of last year.

Good Pie Crust

A Simple Art Which Few Women Master Thoroughly.

In this country of pie eaters every woman should number among her other qualifications the art of making a good pie. It is surprising how few otherwise good cooks can make a perfect pie crust. The following recipe for a plain pie crust is especially valuable, because it was selected by the publishers of a famous cook book, out of hundreds of recipes that were submitted by eminent cooks in all parts of the country.

1 1/2 cups flour, 1/4 cup cornstarch, 1/2 teaspoon baking powder, 1/2 teaspoon salt, 1/2 cup lard, 1/4 cup ice water. Sift the ingredients together. Cut in the lard till of the consistency of meal. Cut in the water quickly. Handle as little as possible—else it will be tough.

Even though you are rated a good pie maker, we would urge your trying this recipe. But just one word of caution—use good cornstarch. The one who originated this recipe—like thousands of other cooks all over the world—always depended upon the famous Kingsford's brand.

Insist upon Kingsford's—which costs no more than inferior kinds—and ask your grocer for the Little Corn Products Cook Book, which contains the above recipe—also a recipe for a richer crust if desired.

CP UNEXPECTEDLY.

Gumshoe Bitten Given Preliminary Examination on Fraud Charge. Right to Make Deal Questioned.

George Bitten, a private detective, was unexpectedly taken into Justice Brown's court late yesterday afternoon for his preliminary examination after it had been announced that there would be a continuance. The hearing will be resumed tomorrow morning.

Bitten, gumshoe artist, is accused of having obtained \$250 by false pretenses from Mrs. Ella M. Levy. Among the witnesses produced yesterday were A. L. McSwain and his partner, P. A. Le Clercq of Long Beach. These witnesses claimed to have the assignment of a pump which Bitten exploited. This assignment, said the witnesses, was from the inventor of the pump, W. A. Bruton.

The first point the prosecution made was that Bruton had no right to allow Bitten to sell any right in the pump, as the sleuth is alleged to have conspired.

LETTERS TO "THE TIMES."

[The Times invites strong, clear, bright expression of opinion on current subjects, timely, pertinent and popular. Letters should be kept in sight. Essays on other subjects, religious and personal confessions are not published. Value is added to such letters by the signing of the writer's true name, which will be either published or withheld at the owner's request. Letters for publication should be in "parliamentary" language, and are subject to editorial supervision.]

Troubles of Motorists.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 15.—[To the Editor of The Times:] In your issue of September 15, the letter signed by Gertrude R. C. Brennan, Woman's City Club, is more than amusing. Rather, it lacks good, common sense. But probably little can be expected: It is likely the time not spent at the woman's club is utilized over the back fence.

Not being a motor driver of any kind, I feel that I have a perfect right to say something in their defense. I firmly believe we need more laws for pedestrians and not more for motorists. I have often noticed the careless swagger of people in crossing the street and their demeanor in waiting for a trolley car. The said car may be two or three blocks away. Still, if these people see an automobile coming they will often extend in line all the way from the curbing to the second trolley track. The poor driver, to avoid running over these people, must drive clear over to the left side of the street.

Let the city make an ordinance that will place the responsibility equal with the motorists, and we shall have less accidents.

RUTH LUNDEEN.
No. 250 South Ardmore avenue.

Found a Sure Thing.

I. B. Wixon, Farmers Mills, N. Y., has used Chamberlain's Tablets for years for disorders of the stomach and liver and says, "Chamberlain's Tablets are the best I have ever used."

—[Advertisement.]

J. W. Robinson Co.

Sole Agents for Gossard Corsets and Trefousse Gloves

NEW FALL SUITINGS AND COATINGS

in an unusually large and distinctive assortment now on display in the Dress Goods Section, Second Floor.

JEWELRY SECTION

Elgin and Waltham Bracelet Watches, the expansion bracelet feature is detachable—permitting the watch to be worn on chain or chate-laine. Choice of Elgin or Waltham movement fitted in guaranteed Gold Filled Cases, Specially Priced \$15.00 and \$16.50

Seth Thomas, Ansonia and Waterbury Clocks are featured in a complete assortment at moderate prices. (First Floor)

Telephone Orders will receive prompt attention if you will call up our Mail Order Department, Home Telephone 10381—Sunset Telephone Bdy. 4701 Experienced Shoppers will fill your orders carefully.

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American Trading Checks
Free With Cash Purchases

New Silks, Woolens and Velvets

Popular Weaves and Colors

New black velvets, 32 inches wide. For suits and coats. Rich and lustrous. One of Fall's prime favorites for costumes. Sale price, the yard \$2.98

Black broadtail Kashmir and Olga plushes, 54 inches wide. New fabrics that are demanded by Fashion. Sale price, the yard \$2.50

Black satin Duchesse, all pure silk, 54 inches wide. Rich and luxurious. Sale price, the yard \$2.00

New costume velvets, 27 inches wide. Black and all the new Fall colors, extra wide wale. Two grades at \$1.25 and \$1

\$1.00 Velvets 69c Yard

New velvets, black and an assortment of popular colors. 18 inches wide. Much in demand for trimmings and millinery purposes. \$1.00 values. Sale price—69c yard.

Three Models \$3.50 Nemo Corsets at \$2.69

Here's a special in Nemo corsets, model No. 342, with long skirt and medium bust, curved front clasp with reducing strap for full figures. Nos. 304 and 305 of plain and brocade batiste with elastic section in front at waist line for slender figures. These \$3.50 numbers on sale at \$2.69.

Up to \$2.50 Gowns 95c

Women's gowns of fine nainsook, trimmed with lace, embroidery and tucks, some with set-in medallions. High or low neck models with long or short sleeves. \$1.50 to \$2.50 values, on sale at 95c.

Silk Petticoats 95c

Women's petticoats of silk messaline with wide pleated flounce. A good assortment of colors. Regular prices up to \$1.95, on sale at 95c each.

May Manton Fashion Books 10c.
5c if Bought With a Pattern.

50c Wash Blonde 39c

Wash blonde, medium fine net in ecru, white and cream. 72 inches wide. Worth 50c. Today, the yard—39c.

Lace Remnants Half Price

A big lot of lace remnants in popular styles and widths—edges, insertion and bands. Lengths 1 to 4 yards and all of them marked at reduced prices. Today they will be sold at just half the marked price.

Auto Goggles 12 1/2c

Auto goggles with shell rims and bow. A great protection from the glaring sun, also popular for use in the movie shows. Special at 12 1/2c pair.

\$3.50 Girdles 49c

An odd lot of fancy girdles and belts, of silk ribbon and some of knitted silk. Original prices as high as \$3.50, on sale today at 49c.

Skirt Protector 19c

Extra size sanitary skirt protectors with net top, the sort that will wash. Special today at 19c.

Dress Shields 15c

Dress shields, sizes 3, 4 and 5. Nainsook covers. "Seconds" of a well-known make that sell at twice this price. Special today—15c pair.

Sewing Silk 2 1/2c

Sewing silk for hand or machine, in white and seventy-five good colors. 50-yd. spools worth 5c. Today—2 1/2c.

Fiber Silk Hose 25c

Women's fiber silk boot hose in black, white, gray and tan. Good 35c value. On sale at 25c a pair.

\$22.50 Velvet Rugs \$14.95

Rich velvet rugs, size 9x12 ft. in beautiful Oriental designs. Handsome color effects. Rugs that will give years of hard service. \$22.50 values. On sale today at \$14.95.

\$1.50 & \$1.75 Lace Curtains 79c

Fine lace curtains in white or Arabian shades, choice designs. Curtains 2 1/2 to 3 1/2 yards long and full width. Regular \$1.50 and \$1.75 values, on sale today at 79c pair.

25c Curtain Marquisette 15c yd.

Fine curtain marquisette, 36 inches wide. White, ivory or Arabian shades with hemstitched band border. 25c value, on sale today at 15c yard.

Remnants of Table Damask

58-in. bleached table damask in assorted floral designs, in lengths of 1 1/2, 2 and 2 1/2 yds. 25c values. Limit 1 cloth. Sale price, yard 25c

15c Toweling 9c

Bleached and brown linen crash toweling, 15c grade. For roller and kitchen towels. Lengths from 2 1/2 to 5 yards. Special today—9c yard.

Outing Flannel 10c

Fancy outing flannel in stripes, checks and plaids, both light and dark effect; soft and fleecy. 12 1/2c value. Today 10c yard.

Hotel Sheets 58c

Heavy linen finish hotel sheets with patent seam center and 3-inch hem. Size 76x90 inches. On sale today at 58c each.

Mill ends of Fruit of the Loom pillow tubing, 42 inches wide. Full bleached. Lengths 2 to 10 yds. Sale price, 19c

Poppy brand sheeting, both bleached and brown. 81 to 90 inches wide. 27 1/2c to 30c value. Cut from full pieces. Limit 10 yards. Today only, 25c

W.C. McEVILLY

In His New Shop

In the Beeman & Hendee Store

351-353 South Broadway

Opens Every Day

Something New and Distinctive in

SUITS, COATS, GOWNS, BLOUSES

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California Dairy Properties.

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Beneficial Trustee Certificates \$100.00 Each.

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VILLE DE PARIS
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A. FUSENOT CO.

Our September Linen Sale

We've been telling you of our difficulties in getting linens; of the new uses to which they've been put; of how a few still come from Scotland and from Ireland, but the continent has ceased shipping—and now, with linen prices already beyond anything ever known before, we find that Russia is to stop shipping flax altogether!

This means higher prices still; and fewer linens. Yet in this September Sale of Linens, women are buying the same qualities as we sold a year ago for the same prices; and in some cases for lower prices than then!

Here Is An Example Tablecloths

- 2 x 2 yards—Sale price, \$ 3.00 each
- 2 x 2 1/2 yards—Sale price, \$ 3.75 each
- 2 x 3 yards—Sale price, \$ 3.00 each
- 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 yards—Sale price, \$ 7.50 each
- 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 yards—Sale price, \$10.00 each
- 2 1/2 x 3 yards—Sale price, \$13.30 each
- 2 1/2 x 4 yards—Sale price, \$12.00 each

These Include German (none coming to this country now) Scotch and Irish linens of fine quality.



At Three o'Clock In the Morning

SUPPOSE you had immediate and imperative need of funds in the small hours of the morning. Where would you get them?

If your account is at the Hellman Bank, you can get money at any hour of the night you choose. This big institution NEVER closes.

This is a big bank, conservative enough to be absolutely safe, liberal enough to satisfy fair-minded people. The various forms of Accounts offered by progressive banks are here.

If 24-hour Banking Service appeals to you, as it does to many thousands of men and women in Los Angeles, bring your account to the Hellman Bank.



We render the usual Departmental Service of the progressive, metropolitan institution.

W.C. McEVILLY

In His New Shop

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TREND OF THE FINANCIAL NEWS.
CHIEF EVENTS OF YESTERDAY.
 (At Home.) General speculation assumed a much broader range, and many stocks and bonds heretofore neglected were in demand. The feeling in financial circles was of a more optimistic character, due to the stated progress of the huge loan sought by Europe. War shares were dumped from their leadership, giving way to lesser domestic issues. Exchange closed stronger on the increase in bills of sale both to London and Paris. One western fuel concern is reported as being in full operation for the first time in some months.

(Abroad.) The Bank of England's gold reserve decreased \$19,000,000 for the past week, due to shipments to America.
 (For details, see financial pages.)

ON THE VERGE.
 We would not be surprised any day now to learn that Texas has declared war on Mexico, and we can only hope that those Americans will not be put out of the Union for acting in self-defense.

SUMMER HARVEST.
 Mr. Bryan took an old desk away from the office of the Secretary of State when he quit the job in a peaceful fiasco and now he has sent a fine new desk to take its place. Business must be picking up along the Chautauqua.

PERFECTLY CLEAR.
 We begin to understand, now that the big bankers and the agents of the allies have explained and re-explained this billion-dollar loan. If our country gives the allies a billion dollars, they will spend it all right here in America, so that all this country loses will be the goods.

NOT THE MONEY END.
 The estate of Paul Armstrong only amounts to \$500, yet many managers realized small fortunes on some of his plays and one troupe of actors received about \$2000 a week all of last year in an Armstrong sketch. The man with the power to create does not always possess the faculty to exploit.

ME.
 When Gov. Johnson makes a public speech, as he is apt to do whenever opportunity offers, he reminds one of a verse that was written many years ago concerning an Oxford don:
 "My name is Benjamin Jowett,
 I'm the master of Balliol College;
 Whatever I know, I know it,
 And what I don't know I don't know."

FINDING THE WAY.
 An Italian aviator has solved the problem of holding a machine motionless in space. He seems to be working along the right line. In the end we will not say because we have some machine that is lighter than air, but because we have found an effective method for the displacement of air. The final solution will probably be noiseless, cylindrical and etheric.

SHOULD ESCAPE ALSO.
 Woe unto the small boy who drives his bicycle into an automobile, for the machine will escape, whereas the traffic policeman will get the small boy! The officer is naturally vexed and he must say what he thinks to somebody, so the small boy hears much about the evils of haste, as well as the unfairness of running down sixty-horse-power cars.

SHRAPNEL VERSUS WHEAT.
 Of course if the allies take America's billion and give nothing but their word for it, there is always a chance that the next generation will have something to do besides keep the pledge of their rash ancestors. Even if they would eventually pay, we imagine that American bankers who have a billion to loan could find quite a ready demand for money at better interest and on more reliable security among the farmers and manufacturers of the United States, and if they want to go abroad, there is all of Central and South America anxious to have agricultural implements and seed for a big wheat crop. Do our bankers like shrapnel better than grain?

NEGLECTING ALASKA.
 Congress has always shamefully neglected appropriations needed for Alaska, because, being a Territory, the Land of the Midnight Sun has had no voting representative in the House and no representative of any kind in the Senate and has therefore been excluded from the benefactions of the pork barrel. The results of this exclusion have been most apparent because of the refusal of Congress to make appropriation for coast surveys. Since we purchased Alaska more than 200 ships have gone down in her waters, over 400 lives have been lost and nearly \$12,000,000 worth of property destroyed. The dealing of Congress with Alaska has been parsimonious rather than economical. It has been exceedingly ungrateful. We paid Russia seven millions of dollars for the territory. Our government has received directly from royalties on sea skins and from customs and internal revenue duties, above the cost of collection, much more than the purchase money, and indirectly the nation has been benefited many times \$7,000,000 from gold taken by American miners from the streams, the quartz lodes and the tundra, and yet we refuse or at least neglect to appropriate a few thousand dollars to lessen the list of disaster, destruction and death which our neglect has occasioned.

PRESIDENT WILSON—HIS RECORD.
 It may be conceded that in dealing with European nations and disposing of the vexed questions arising out of the great war, President Wilson has acted with patriotism, with wisdom, with firmness and yet with moderation. He has been untainted by the jingoism of Roosevelt and unaffected by the Teutonism of Bryan, and it may confidently be predicted that this course he will continue to pursue, and that under his administration we shall never be precipitated into an unwise and unrighteous war, or compelled to consent to a dishonorable peace.

And when this is said all has been said that can be said in favor of his administration, and no less can be said of any of his predecessors in office. The American people have never had a President who failed to conduct their foreign relations with honor and success. Madison sustained the American contentions as a result of our last war with Great Britain. Monroe compelled the Holy Alliance to relinquish its attempts to re-establish monarchical government in South America. Polk successfully conducted both a just war and an honorable peace with Mexico. Lincoln caused the withdrawal of Louis Napoleon from his attempts to force Mexico to accept Maximilian as an Emperor. Cleveland compelled Great Britain to abandon her effort to survey Venezuelan territory into her domain, and McKinley's conduct of both our war and our peace with Spain reflected unchallenged credit upon his administration.

It is not recorded that Lincoln's action in dealing with Mexican affairs induced the Democrats to leave their party in a body, or that Cleveland's Venezuela record caused the Republicans to disband, or that McKinley's treaty of peace with Spain resulted in Democratic abandonment of Bryan; and it is not in the least likely that President Wilson's successful conduct of the present or any future complications in Europe will cause Republicans to rush pell-mell to his support, for at last he has done no more than his duty, and no more than any American statesman of whatever political faith would have done in his place. And it is not to be denied that outside of successful conduct of our foreign relations President Wilson's administration has been very far from being a success. McKinley's treaty of peace with Spain resulted in the cessation of productiveness and the demands of the war in Europe from causing a repetition of the ruin which the abandonment of protection in 1892 brought upon the country.

His experimental legislation in penalizing business, driving our ships from the seas, and meddling with and muddling all forms of industrial enterprise, are already bearing evil fruits, notwithstanding the new avenues of enterprise opened by the war. His deadliest errors have been found a target in the American ports of Puget Sound and Oregon. A wheat ship belonging to the Canadian Pacific Railroad can take a cargo from Vancouver to New York, or from Seattle to Liverpool, via the Panama Canal. But if the ship belongs to the Northern Pacific or Great Northern Railroad Company, or Pacific Mail Company, she will not be a railroad-owned ship—be allowed to pass through the canal at all.

Hawaii is deprived practically of an American market for her sugar and pineapples. She cannot ship these on a foreign ship because foreign ships are not allowed to carry freight or passengers between American ports, and she cannot ship them on an American ship because President Wilson's shipping bill has excluded American ships from the Pacific Ocean. Again, take a cargo of lumber made at a sawmill in the State of Washington or Oregon. What is the owner to do with it? He cannot send it to San Francisco or San Pedro on an American ship because there will be after November no American ships plying between those ports except those able to pay English-speaking sailors, which will cause such an increase in their freight rates as will make it cheaper for millmen to freight their lumber by rail.

The policies of President Wilson have placed in the rivers of commerce and industry more snags than existed in the Missouri or Mississippi seventy-five years ago. Are we to abandon well-matured and successful Republican policies, bid the party of Lincoln, and Grant, and Garfield, and McKinley go home, and re-elect Wilson merely because he has ably served his country in dealing with Germany, and wrought it great disservice in home affairs?

President Wilson will probably be re-nominated by the Democrats. The plank in the Baltimore platform in favor of a single Presidential term is one of the few declarations of party faith and party purpose that have not been violated, and consistency demands that it be chopped into kindling wood, along with the plank against corporate contribution to campaign committees, the plank in favor of economy and a reduction in the number of useless offices, the plank in favor of rural credits, the plank in favor of exempting American coastwise ships from canal tolls and the plank in favor of fostering the growth of a mercantile marine.

Sweeping the Seas.



Officials in favor of native office-seekers are demoralizing the civil service; she must be deprived of Egypt, which, as Bismarck had said, was "the neck of the British Empire." The British monopoly of the universal press and of cable news must also be abolished.

The exact amount of the war indemnity to be imposed, the petitioners do not state. It should provide for the restoration of East Prussia, the German pension fund, the compensation of private losses and the re-establishment and extension of German military and naval equipment. It should also serve to open up fresh fields of development for the German nation. Wherever payment in money was not possible, payment in the form of land, colonies, securities and so forth might be made.

Finally, the authors of the document explained that they had made exclusively political and economic claims because it was necessary that Germany should first be firmly established in those directions before German genius could fulfill its high mission to itself and to the world. They would hear nothing of a policy of culture without a policy of action.

The six commercial associations of Germany do not seem to have overlooked any betas, and their members illustrate the proverb that "modesty is a quality which highly adorns a woman but is utterly ruinous to a man."

RIPLING RHYMES.
THE MONEY GOES.
 Poor father often has the blues, the stricken soul within him groans; the children need eight pairs of shoes, and he has only seven bones. The good wife needs a Sunday gown, with daisy gussets, seams and tucks; he'd send her shopping through the town, but he has only seven bucks. The boys are all in need of suits, to clothe their shapely limbs and trunks, and he himself wants rubber boots, but he has only seven plunks. The blizzards from the arctic pole will soon be rolling down again, and how can he buy wood and coal, when he has only seven yen? And there are taxes he must pay, and bills for oil and bills for gas, and bills for prunes and bills for hay, and bills for pills and window glass. Expenses face him every hour; what wonder if he tired father yips, what wonder if his face is sour, when he has only seven chips? But somehow he will do the trick, and feed the tribe that on him leans, for good old father is a brick, although he has but seven beans.

WHERE MONEY IS USELESS.
 [London Herald:] The island of Ascension, in the Atlantic, belonging to Great Britain, is of volcanic formation, eight miles by six in size, and has a population of about 450. It was uninhabited until the confinement of Napoleon at St. Helena, when it was occupied by a small British force. It is 250 miles northward of St. Helena, and is a group of islands found on the shores and it serves as a depot and watering place for ships.

Ascension is governed by a captain appointed by the British Admiralty. There is no private property in land, no rents, no taxes and no use for money. The flocks and herds are public property, and the meat is issued as rations. So are the vegetables grown on the farms. When an island fisherman makes a catch he brings it to the guard room, where it is issued by the sergeant major. Practically the entire population are sailors, and they work at most of the common trades. The muleteer is a jack tar, so is the gardener, so are the shepherds, the stockmen, the grocers, masons, carpenters and plumbers. Even the island trapper who gets rewards for the tails of rats is a sailor.

National Editorial Service.

WILL WE EVER SAVE OUR LEGAL BREATH?
 (CONTRIBUTED TO THE TIMES)
 BY WALDO G. MORSE,
 Counselor of the American Academy of Jurisprudence.

WILL we ever learn to save our legal breath? In England, the "bath-tub" murderer convicted in July, is executed in August. In the United States, conditions surrounding the criminal law amount almost to a public calamity. The hardships of delay rest upon the just; the evildoer, interposing every possible legal delay, can well afford to rest content.

Why do not Legislatures, judges and lawyers secure a sure and more speedy punishment of criminals? Failure to convict and adequately punish a known crime breeds a host of new criminals. An aroused community could do much. It could curb political and time-serving judges, of whom we have too many; it could bring prosecuting officers and jurors to their duties; it could prevent offers of rewards with "no questions asked" and other base trafficking with enemies of the State.

In average communities the Federal courts are notably more prompt than the State tribunals. Why? Because in the Federal courts, judges and district attorneys are appointed—the judges for life. Better men, will accept appointment than it is possible to obtain through popular election. Non-political duties, in the Federal courts, are civil and not political. They are judges as chosen. The State courts, under existing laws, have the undoubted power and the opportunity to cut in two the existing delays in criminal cases, and then cut them in two again, and yet again. Will they do it? Criminals in deed and at heart, and organizations at war with society, would protest against any form of expedited justice or increased judicial efficiency. Judges sometimes have been nominated and elected through the domination of such elements, and frequently through their influence.

But the legal breath and breathing spells and the judicial delays should cease. We must call our judges, our Legislatures, and ourselves, to account.

The criminal is an optimist. He gets the goods and plans to escape paying the price. If the time of settlement may be extended with certainty, there is just so much more reason for optimism; and a geometrically increasing proportion of citizens and guests of the nation will be optimistic unto crime. They will become criminal in deed, as against the vastly greater proportion now criminal only in thought and desire, going no farther than to covet, and deeming the penalty too much of a hassle.

Are we not falling in our duty to potential criminals? They are entitled to the moral stimulus and tonic of an assurance that penalty, swift and to be dreaded, overtakes at least a fair proportion of offenders.

Your real criminal never expects to be caught; and if caught never expects conviction; and if convicted expects to secure a pardon, or in some way to cheat justice for the thing gained by his crime.

To all such offenders, a delay in justice is like the extension of unlimited time in the country and much besides, while life would not be safe, or the person inviolate, for a moment.

Should we emulate other civilized countries, punishments following crimes with a brief weeks or months of respite, criminal optimism would suffer collapse, and the penalty to be paid would be considered too high. The goods would not be worth the price, or the game the candle. Then, indeed, criminals might be suspected of an optimism bordering upon mental incapacity.

JAPANESE OWN
PACIFIC OCEAN.
 Result of the Labor-Unionists' Exorbitant Demands.

The San Francisco News Letter, a supporter of labor-unionism, has the following regarding the havoc created in the Pacific carrying trade by the Furusheth-La Follette shipping bill:

"Andrew Furusheth may be a very sincere enthusiast in his efforts to protect his fellow-seamen in formulating the present seamen's bill. At the same time, he would have gravely investigated through shipowners the effect it would have on their interests. The trouble with reformed Furusheth, as with all intent labor leaders, is that his weather eye is blinded to any rights or claims on the other side. His slogan, as well as his fellows, is: 'Labor right or wrong, always for labor.' The result of his work on the shipping bill is that the port of San Francisco will lose millions of dollars annually, and that his fellow-seamen will be in a more difficult position than ever regarding berths. The bill has driven out of business the mainstay American shipping firm of this port, Pacific Mail, and the several other local deep-sea lines flying the American flag will be unable to save themselves unless they transfer to foreign flags. American shipping will be reduced to coastwise ports solely. Furusheth's bill, backed by labor leaders of the country and with no consideration of the rights of shipowners, has turned the trade of the Pacific over to the Japanese and any other Asiatic nation that inclines to embark in that enterprise."

S. Asano, president of the Tokyo Kisen Kaisha, now in San Francisco to take advantage of the new conditions offered by Furusheth's bill, declares frankly that the new law has presented Japan with the long-awaited opportunity to monopolize the shipping trade of the Pacific Ocean. He says, further, that the Japanese government is determined that no other foreign line than Japanese shall capture the lucrative business of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company. So thoroughly has the way been cleared by this bill that Japanese steamers will soon have twelve new 10,000-ton steamers in service between Japan, Honolulu, Seattle and San Francisco. Japanese lines will be established rapidly between home ports and South and Central American ports and through the Panama Canal to Atlantic seaboard. In other words, according to the general scheme of the Japanese owners of shipping lines, they propose to blanket the Pacific routes with their vessels and control the deep-sea-carrying trade of the Pacific—thanks to Furusheth and his ill-considered and unfair bill. This great and foolish change in the shipping laws of this country comes at the critical moment when the nation is feeling an extraordinary lack of tonnage, due to the European war; cargoes are accumulating on the docks, and shipping rates are climbing higher with the days. Uncle Sam's shipping plight is in the worst snarl of its history. It is incumbent on Congress to straighten out the matter as quickly and as equitably as possible in order to meet the promising outlook of the future.

Pen Points: By the Staff.

Happy China, her Vice-President has signed!

Perhaps the Russians think they can clean up the Germans by the almost absent.

How it must grind the soul of John Bull to be compelled to borrow money from the "Yankees."

Speaking of the Fashion Show, let's be vral chic—oh, you know what she means!

All the folks from "Grin's" State will be up to celebrate the birthday of James Whitcomb Riley on October 1.

The worst blow received by women's franchise in a long time is the advocacy of the cause by Sam Gompers.

South Carolina has been carried by "drys," but almost anything is to be expected of a State that tolerated Calhoun.

The Whittier bandit who was found the preacher's nightgown had on the very or heaven to serve the devil.

The greatest argument against a session of Congress is Congress itself. This may be a knock, but it is the truth.

Schools closed in the East on account of the intense heat. Come west, folks, Southern California, and cool off with country!

Billy McCombs says he has no votes pledged to re-elect his chairman of the Democratic National Committee. What will Woodrow Wilson do about that?

Mrs. Rutherford of Chicago says it would be a fine thing to have a woman in the chair of Vice-President. Doesn't Theodore Riley Marshall fill the bill for Mrs. Rutherford?

With the death of the sweet wife industry in California, it should be returned to the life of a woman in favor of the election of Woodrow Wilson, in the State, in 1916.

A \$10,000 chef is writing to the papers on how to cook a ham. We don't say about the first thing to do is to look at the ham. And that is not as easy as it looks.

Former President Taft celebrated his fifty-eighth birthday at the home of his sister in this city, Wednesday. Taft was an older man—he ran his "ship" in 1908.

Ruddy Kipling is all right dealing with the military question when he writes "Soldiers Three," but the forces of the front in the great war are evidently many for him.

New York has these Presidential possibilities, but they will all drop out of the high grass when Ohio gets started. Letting but a national convention on record against the Ohio man.

Oklahoma Indians predict that we will have a long, cold winter, and advise white men to provide themselves with a supply of warm clothing. Well, haven't "men" the sport shirts?

As we understand the situation, the New York bankers are willing to make the English loan—provided the security is right. This is the only silver in the money accommodation.

The girls who are the central figures of the local disappearance might be included that in the good old days of yore, forefathers there were not a bit of a spank for such indiscretions.

No wonder Marianna cannot be tighen. All of her time and strength is taken in tangling all night, and it is a mother to clean up the kitchen. Poor cannot do everything.

As President Wilson does not leave Washington for some time, he has no excuse for not appointing Grand Army reunions held at Washington the present month. Really, that's just ahead.

There seems to be plenty of room at the bottom of the percentage table for the Los Angeles baseball team. Really, we will have a winner in 1916. The baseball fan never is but always is blessed.

May Irwin has refused to sell her rights to European agents for any sum, and she has just been celebrated by the Los Angeles baseball team. Really, we will have a winner in 1916. The baseball fan never is but always is blessed.

The 3156th birthday of the oldest man has just been celebrated by a family could have picked out a tree when the Greeks were building the Pharaoh and his army were being buried in the Red Sea.

AFTERGLOW.
 Have you ever heard of the night?

The call of the windowpane! Mighty strong, the great sun was Ever pitched in a minor key!

Have you ever stood on a lawn and seen the red sun and the blue sky? The curve of the sea, and the white surf? Like a pall over the afterglow!

Have you ever seen a single bird? Alone in the wintry sky? Like an old man, gray, with a white beard? With his heart in the world's eye?

Then surely you know the night is things Which God in his wisdom made To turn men's thoughts to the stars? When the day's work is done, and the stars are bright.

Good Policy.

INSURANCE HEADS
HERE ON VISIT.

STATE COMMISSIONERS STOP EN ROUTE NORTH.

Will Spend Four Days in Southern California Before Going to Convention in Del Monte—Prominent Men in Party Represent Many States.

The Commissioners of Insurance, who have charge of all insurance matters in the various States, are in Los Angeles for a few days as guests of local insurance men before continuing their journey to Del Monte where their annual convention will be held next week. The party, which numbers more than fifty commissioners and their wives, were guests of Fresno, George L. Cochran, and other officials of the Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Company yesterday, and spent the day in automobile trips to Pasadena and Long Beach.

The commissioners arrived in Los Angeles Wednesday afternoon. The party immediately went to the Landmark Hotel, where headquarters were established for the four-day stay. Wednesday evening, a majority of the visitors attended the "Mission Play" at San Gabriel, and enjoyed it very much.

J. A. Darr of Charleston, W. Va., chairman of the convention committee, leads the delegates. Other prominent men in the party, representing every State in the Union, are: James Phillips of New York, Joseph H. H. English of Iowa, William Mansfield of Connecticut, J. C. W. Young of North Carolina, W. H. Darr of Kansas, S. D. Works of Minnesota, T. M. Henry of Mississippi, R. M. Jones of Illinois, W. C. Taylor of North Dakota, E. H. Harper of Colorado, W. R. McElroy of Delaware, Frank Taggart of Ohio, C. C. Thompson of Arizona and others.

The party will leave this morning for a day's trip to San Diego, returning at 10 o'clock this evening. During the day they will visit La Jolla, Escondido, Point Loma and other points of interest near the southern tip of the State.

Tomorrow morning the visitors will leave the Pacific Electric station at Sixth and Main streets on special cars for Los Angeles Harbor. From there they will visit the Port of Los Angeles and will spend the day on the island. The delegates will leave for the north Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock.

As far the visitors have expressed liking and praise for Southern California and its wonderful natural beauty.

CHARTER RULES FOR CITY COURTS.

MEMBERS ADOPT ARTICLE AS FINAL DRAFT FOR BASIC LAW.

Charter provisions for eleven municipal courts to take the place of the police and justice courts of Los Angeles city and townships were adopted in the form of a final draft by the Board of Freeholders last night. There was a spirited discussion over the number of "suits" and "cases" which some of the legal members of the board thought were too many. The board decided to eliminate the paragraph which provided that the city court must furnish "necessary" law for the municipal judges, the suggestion of Dr. Haines being that the judges would know enough to eliminate a law book, anyway.

The board decided that the minimum salary shall be prescribed by the charter, with the understanding that the present salaries shall be taken over for their unexpired terms. The charter goes into effect. Thereafter, judges shall be elected for six-year terms. It was adopted, provided that no "laymen" shall be eligible for nomination to any judicial office.

At next meeting, Monday night, the board will consider a final draft of the articles providing for the twelve courts in the city government.

UNFLINCHING.
 After Bad Accident Japanese Child Found Pain Without Mourners.

Yoshi Makino, not 2 years old, with a bright little Japanese eye, was today in the street near his home at 1017 E. Main street last night. He was out of his home's sight. Alone with a truck driven by a Korean, he was playing on the street. The latter with the rear wheels wider than the front.

He was the little fellow in the street who he sawed the truck and he would not strike a blow. He was grinning and answered Kipling's question with a laugh.

The little fellow did not estimate the danger of the rear wheels or the danger of the front wheels. He was passing over him and shattering his little bones. The bone was ground and deep cuts mutilated his little body.

When he was taken to the Receiving Hospital, the lad did not cry. When the dressing he was silent. He clutched the hand of his mother, who was sitting by his side. He did not cry yet more firm, he was not a little fellow.

RARE BIRDS.
 Collector Pays Small Fortune for Unusual Specimens to New Avian.

Local avian (local avian) is the name of one of the show birds now being completed on the coast. W. D. V. Smith plans for the collection of small birds which he is believed to be in all parts of the Pacific Coast. For some time he has been collecting birds. He is fortunate in his collection. He is a collector of birds. He is a collector of birds. He is a collector of birds.

Which God in his wisdom made To turn men's thoughts to the stars? When the day's work is done, and the stars are bright. Then surely you know the night is things Which God in his wisdom made To turn men's thoughts to the stars? When the day's work is done, and the stars are bright.

Have you ever seen a single bird? Alone in the wintry sky? Like an old man, gray, with a white beard? With his heart in the world's eye?

Then surely you know the night is things Which God in his wisdom made To turn men's thoughts to the stars? When the day's work is done, and the stars are bright.



J. S. Darst
Of Charleston, W. Va., chairman of the
insurance commissioners' conven-
tion.

THOUSANDS JOIN
IN CELEBRATION.

MEXICAN RESIDENTS GATHER IN
HONOR OF COUNTRY'S
NATAL DAY.

The one hundred and fifth anni-
versary of the Independence of Mexico
was celebrated in Los Angeles yester-
day by thousands. The official cele-
bration was held at Selig Zoo Park,
where 2000 were gathered by noon.
A barbecue in the grove became the
center of attraction as the noon hour
approached, and by 1 o'clock more
than a ton and a half of beef and
other meat, countless loaves of bread,
gallons of coffee and plates of frijoles
had been consumed.

A banquet was tendered the offi-
cials of the Mexican-Spanish-Ameri-
can Club in a rustic pavilion near the
grove. More than fifty officers and
guests were present. Mayor Sebastian
and Attorney Dominguez spoke.

Following the banquet a programme
of songs, artistic dances and addresses
was staged from the platform near
the grove. A feature of the pro-
gramme was a rendition of the seven
verses of the Mexican national hymn
by different soloists, with the chorus
sung by a choir of twenty-five. Ad-
dresses were made by the Mayor, Dr.
Gonzalez, J. Valenzuela and Senor Ma-
rio Ojeda. Other numbers on the
programme were solos by Miss Mary
Peralta, Miss Beatrice Delaine, an
opera singer from Mexico City, and
Miss Daisy Thorne Lundy. Mrs. M.
G. Gonzalez, under whose direction
the programme was staged, also gave
a solo.

An Indian dance was given in
costume by Miss Ortencia Arguello,
and a butterfly dance by little Alice La-
zar. Other dances were by Miss Vir-
ginia Arguello, Miss Curlyene and
Mario Marti and Miss Alice Maison.
During the afternoon, and evening
there was free dancing in the pa-
villion. In the evening a continu-
ation of the official programme was
held in Turner Hall. United States
District Judge Bledsoe made an ad-
dress dealing mainly with peace.
Other speakers of the evening were
Ralph Dominguez, president of the
Mexican-Spanish-American Club, Dr.
J. Ziegner of Argentine, Judge York
and Mr. Dominguez. Solos were ren-
dered by Miss Lola Zambrano and
Miss Blanche Peterson.

Following the exercises at Turner
Hall, the officials of the Mexican-
Spanish-American Club, prominent
Mexicans and several city officials
who were guests of the occasion held
a dance at the Ebell Club.

UNDELIVERED TELEGRAMS.

There are telegrams at the Western
Union for R. Masurkiewicz, Mr. Frank
Hampton, Myrtle Holm, Mr. Albert
Weedall, John E. Phelps, Oliver C.
Kroft, M. Dawad, Mrs. T. L. Goosby,
Mrs. R. B. Berry, E. J. Bissell, Harry
Davis, P. A. Daniel, John Delaney,
Geo. Erratt, Donald Gravel, Mrs. F.
K. Gustin, Frank C. Hampson, John
T. Healey, Mrs. L. Hannesworth, Dr.
C. J. Hood, Q. C. Kraft, Mrs. John
Lewis, Miss Julia Pickens, Evelyn
Perkins, J. Read, Parker, Abbott F.
Smalley, Joe Sultman, F. H. Webb,
Western Auto Lubricating Company
and W. L. Wiseman.

THE LITTLE FELLOW IN THE
HAT. A small, dark, and thin
figure, who looked up with
astonishment at the answer. Kl-
ck, he did not estimate
the rear wheels or the
front of the car. He
looked towards the ve-
hicle, and over him and shat-
tered. The bone was ground
into a pulp, and deep cuts mutilated
the face.

He was taken to the Receiv-
ing Hospital, where he was
treated. The doctor was
silent. The anesthetic was admin-
istered. He clutched the hand of his
father, tighter, tighter. With
effort, he yet more firm, he
said: "I am not dying."

THE BIRD.

Collector Pays Small For-
eign Specimens to
the New Yorker.

THE BIRD.

THE BIRD.

BOND ISSUES UP
LARGE AMOUNT.

NO SEGREGATION ON BALLOT
PROPOSING HUGE IN-
DEBTEDNESS.

The electors of Los Angeles county
will, on October 26, vote on the ques-
tion of issuing \$2,500,000 in road
bonds, according to action taken by
the Board of Supervisors yesterday.

Supervisors Hinshaw, Hamilton and
Norton voted for calling the bond
election and voting on the proposition
as a unit. Chairman Fritchman and Su-
pervisor Woodley opposed calling the
election.

Instead of passing to the people the
question of voting the bonds for pur-
poses outlined in the original pro-
gramme, the Supervisors added \$200-
000 to the list yesterday. The changes
from the agreed plan involve the fol-
lowing: An additional \$25,000 for
the proposed Irwindale road; comple-
tion of Artesia avenue and other
roads, \$50,000; Benedict Canyon road
\$50,000, and San Dimas Canyon road
\$75,000.

The action of the Supervisors yester-
day put to sleep the report that the
bond issues would be segregated on
the ballot. The issue will be voted
on as a whole.

When the subject of the road bond
issue had been decided the Supervisors
passed a resolution that the Federal
authorities be requested to set aside
three tracts of 15,000 acres each of
the national forests of Los Angeles
county, located conveniently in the
proposed "Mint Canyon, Arroyo Seco
and San Gabriel Canyon roads, to be
dedicated forever as playgrounds for
the American people and safe refuges
for birds, fish and other wild crea-
tures. The civic organizations of the
city and county were called upon to
render their support in obtaining this
request from the government.

In commenting upon this resolu-
tion, Congressman Charles H. Randall
said last night that while he consid-
ered the idea an excellent one, it was
essentially impracticable.

"The United States government does
not give playgrounds that way," Con-
gressman Randall said. "I have al-
ready made all arrangements to in-
troduce a bill when Congress opens
next month, which I hope to pass.
This bill will give a huge tract of
land to Los Angeles county as a play-
ground. This playground will be
known as the Sierra Madre Park, and
other parts of land lying between Old
Baldy and Tejuca Pass."

VANISH ASSORTED PARTY LEAVING
HOME ON BRIEF TRIP MISSING ALMOST
A FORTNIGHT.

An elderly farmer and his freckle-
faced granddaughter drove away from
their Wilmington home in an old red
wagon with a goat and a cow to sell
on September 1, expecting to return
with a load of fruit as was the cus-
tom. Nothing has been heard of them
since. Their disappearance was re-
ported to the police yesterday, and
the case is the most novel of its kind
that has ever been brought to the at-
tention of the department.

The farmer was J. J. Ryan, 62 years
old, and in the seat of the old wagon,
beside him was Edith Baldwin, 14
years old. The latter was dressed in
a white middie blouse and white
skirt for the marketing occasion.

A fat white goat in its early matu-
rity, occupied the tonneau of the wagon,
and an old and affable brindle
tagged along in the rear. The animals
were to be traded for a load of fruit.
Relatives can give no suggestion as
to what may have become of Mr. Ryan
and his granddaughter.

We have sold hundreds of homes to folks
who always paid rent. TODAY scores of them
own their own homes instead of still living in
the rent-rut—are happy, contented and prosper-
ous instead of paying tribute to somebody
else. And healthier, for who knows what
germs may lurk in the corners of the rented
house?

It Will Pay You
to Investigate—

\$1850

4 rooms, bath and screen
porch—with all modern
improvements, gas, elec-
tricity, water, etc.—on big
lot with flowers, fruit
trees and lawn—20 min-
utes from Broadway by
yellow 5c car line—\$75
down and \$18.50 a
month, interest included.

\$2350

Worth \$2500—5 rooms,
bath and screen porch—
two blocks from 5c yellow
carline—20 minutes
from Broadway—lawn
and flowers all in—
a small sum down and \$20
a month, interest includ-
ed.

Both of these homes are in restricted residential district. Call
or phone—do not delay—we will gladly take you out.

Brady-Janss Co.

320 Pacific Electric Bldg.

Home 10026 Main 1371

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Home 10026 Main 1371

Home 10026 Main 1371

Home 10026 Main 1371

Home 10026 Main 1371

"FUNNY-GRAPHIC"
SPELLS SUCCESS.

NOVEL FEATURES PLEASE MANY
AT Y.W.C.A. BURLESQUE OF
TWO EXPOSITIONS.

A wide variety of entertainment
was provided free to about 600 per-
sons last evening at the "Funny-
Graphic Exposition," given at the
Y.W.C.A. It was one of the most
successful fall rallies held by the as-
sociation. Five thousand announce-
ments of the take-off on the two Cali-
fornia expositions were mailed by the
association.

Fifteen guides in white uniform took
groups of visitors to interesting places
in various parts of the building. Per-
sons who imagined that refreshments
would be served in the "Palace of
Abundance" were disappointed. There
was nothing to eat there, only make
believe food. Real refreshments,
however, were served in the "Court of
Abundance" on the seventh floor. Mrs.
C. Q. Stanton, a member of the as-
sociation's board of directors, introduced
Miss M. Belle Jeffery, the new as-
sociation general secretary, to a large
company of "tourists" in the court.

An exhibition of fast swimming and
fancy diving was given in the plunge.
There were also demonstrations of
gymnastics and fancy dances in the
gymnasium.

Miss Helen Babson and Miss Sarah
Bundy were amusing as "singles" in
the "Zone." Some of the features of
this department were a giant type-
writer, moving pictures, picture gal-
lery and several "side shows." In the
"Foreign Concession" Russian, Jap-
anese and Mexican girls were seen
making lace, polishing gems and en-
gaging in other native employments.

GROCERY IN BANKRUPTCY.

W. H. Show & Son, a firm of grocers
doing business at Normandie avenue
and Liberty street, and W. H. and E. W.
Show, as individuals, filed a petition
in bankruptcy in the United States
District Court yesterday. The assets of
the firm are \$1118.08, with which to
pay debts amounting to \$5694.41. Of
the latter, \$551.11 are unsecured.

Autumn
FASHION'S requirements
in smart boots are here.
Gunmetal or patent with
cloth tops—button or lace.
Prices begin at \$4 and
end at \$6.

Staub's
The Regular Price Shoe Store.
336 SO. BROADWAY

Now Is the Time
To Buy a Home

Every month you delay is YOUR LOSS and
the landlord's gain. You cannot get ahead by
paying rent. While you are NOW paying for
a home you will not own the deed? Your
salary will go into somebody else's pocket in-
stead of yours.

We have sold hundreds of homes to folks
who always paid rent. TODAY scores of them
own their own homes instead of still living in
the rent-rut—are happy, contented and prosper-
ous instead of paying tribute to somebody
else. And healthier, for who knows what
germs may lurk in the corners of the rented
house?

It Will Pay You
to Investigate—

\$1850

4 rooms, bath and screen
porch—with all modern
improvements, gas, elec-
tricity, water, etc.—on big
lot with flowers, fruit
trees and lawn—20 min-
utes from Broadway by
yellow 5c car line—\$75
down and \$18.50 a
month, interest included.

\$2350

Worth \$2500—5 rooms,
bath and screen porch—
two blocks from 5c yellow
carline—20 minutes
from Broadway—lawn
and flowers all in—
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a month, interest includ-
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Both of these homes are in restricted residential district. Call
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GRAND FASHION PARADE
IN STREET AND STORE.

THE grand parade of fashion was
given by the Theater of Fashion. The pro-
gramme was as follows:

Scene 1—Venetian Garden. Firefly
dance, Bertie Priest; Strolling Knight,
Fred Miller; promenade, evening
coats; orchestra, "Day in Venice."
Scene 2—Ballroom. Orchestra, "Am-
oureuse"; promenade, evening gowns;
dance, Alda Bassor; song, Edward
Qually. Scene 3—Promenade, suits,
afternoon dresses and coats; orchestra
selection, "So Long Letty." Castle
dance, Phoebe Bassor and Fred Mil-
lard; orchestra, "In Monterey." Sil-
houette promenade of millinery. The
latter feature, quite new and original
wherein the effect of hats alone pass-
ing before the vision upon pretty
heads—the illusion accomplished by
means of black screens—was most in-
teresting. An exhibition of garments
made in the free school of dressmak-
ing at Hamburger's attracted much
favorable attention.

There will be a performance in the
Hamburger Theater of Fashion three
times daily during the Fashion Show,
and new models will be added from
time to time. The showing comprises
every style available for all occasions
and for every age from the smallest
kindergartner to grandma and auntie.

INITIATED IT.

The house of Blackstone, which
really initiated the model parade in
Los Angeles, has this season made
an especial effort to present some-

Life's Gentler Side—Society, Music, Song and the Dance—The Theaters.

MOVEMENTS IN SOCIETY.

Little end of love figured conspicuously in the exquisitely appointed luncheon given by Mrs. O. L. Galbreath and her daughter, Miss Helen Galbreath, at the Alexandria hotel yesterday, when the formal announcement was made of Miss Galbreath's engagement to LeRoy Jenson. Half-blown pink roses formed a central mound for the luncheon board, where were seated Mrs. O. L. Galbreath, Mrs. A. J. Jenson, Mrs. F. A. Jenson, Mrs. C. C. Jenson, Mrs. J. J. Jenson, Mrs. M. J. Jenson, Mrs. N. J. Jenson, Mrs. O. J. Jenson, Mrs. P. J. Jenson, Mrs. Q. J. Jenson, Mrs. R. J. Jenson, Mrs. S. J. Jenson, Mrs. T. J. Jenson, Mrs. U. J. Jenson, Mrs. V. J. Jenson, Mrs. W. J. Jenson, Mrs. X. J. Jenson, Mrs. Y. J. Jenson, Mrs. Z. J. Jenson.

This charming girl, who has spent most of her life in Los Angeles where she is extremely popular, has not yet decided upon the date for her wedding. In the meanwhile, many pre-nuptial are in the planning by her innumerable friends.

For Judge and Mrs. Gray. Gen. Harrison Gray Otis was a dinner host at the Bivouac, his home on Wilshire boulevard, last night, with Judge E. H. Gray, President of the United States Steel Corporation, and wife guests of honor, and the following additional guests: Mr. and Mrs. Harry Chandler, Miss Frances Chandler, Hon. Robert N. Butler, Senator James Fred L. Baker, Dr. J. W. Frenkel, and Harry E. Andrews. Pink champagne and delphinium centered the board.

Mrs. Churchill to Entertain. Mrs. Owen Humphreys Churchill will entertain twelve friends to luncheon at the Virginia Hotel, Long Beach, today, the pleasantly anticipated function to compliment Mrs. John C. McClure of Tucson, Ariz., who is with her in a fortnight returning to her home after a lengthy visit, and for Mrs. Virginia Evans Clarke, wife of Capt. Clarke who is in charge of the aviation camp in Coronado and a nephew of Mrs. McClure.

During Mrs. Clarke's visit with Mrs. McClure, the ladies have received many social courtesies. Mrs. Frances Pierpont Davis gave a dinner in their honor at her attractive home on Estrada avenue, Monday evening, followed by dancing, with several guests dropping in to join the dinner. On Saturday preceding, Mrs. A. C. Stephens entertained at a matinee party to see "Omair, the Tentmaker."

Serrano Members Meet. At her home, No. 1418 West Thirty-eighth place, Mrs. Clem Creveling yesterday entertained members of the Serrano Bridge Club for luncheon and cards. The pretty table was decked in a profusion of flowers and present



Famous songbird arrives.
Mrs. Nellie Melba, internationally celebrated prima donna, who is stopping in Pasadena, as caught by the camera at the railroad station yesterday. She will be heard in recital this evening at Trinity Auditorium.

Love for Music IS STEADFAST.
WAR CANNOT ALTER IT, SAYS GREAT PRIMA DONNA.

Among those who go from here as guests of Santa Barbara chapter are Miss Grace G. Fosse, State treasurer; Mrs. James Hyde Forbes, Regent of Escholtzia Chapter; Mrs. Charles H. McKee, regent of Los Angeles chapter, and others.

Back from Motor Trip. Judge and Mrs. Gavin W. Craig, Miss Roseella Kleinman, her mother, Charles A. Kleinman and Victor Harris, recently returned from a delightful motor trip to San Bernardino. The party stopped at the Casa Blanca at Ontario.

Learned Visitor Here. Dr. O. E. Jennings, Ph.D., and wife of Pittsburgh arrived Sunday to visit Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Matheson of No. 1047 Hobart boulevard, Pasadena. Jennings is a professor in both the University of Pittsburgh and Carnegie Institute. They arrived from San Francisco on Sunday, and spent the night at the San Diego fair. Mr. and Mrs. Jennings will leave on Tuesday for their eastern home.

For Six Guests. Mrs. John W. Thayer of No. 1033 North Herndon was hostess on Saturday to a luncheon of six covers at the Los Angeles Athletic Club, in honor of Mrs. Theodore Stansford, who has recently returned from an extended trip through Canada, Alaska and other northern points of interest. The guests formed a box party at the Masan for the matinee.

To Become a Bride. Today, at the home of Mrs. H. H. Wessendorf, No. 715 West Thirtieth street, Mrs. Pearl W. Sanders will become the bride of J. W. Liddell of Santa Monica. Miss Grace Wessendorf will act as maid of honor. The ceremony will be performed by Rev. J. T. Mueller in a few intimate friends are to witness the ceremony. Mrs. Sanders is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Liddell. Upon their return from a brief wedding journey Mr. and Mrs. Liddell will be at home in Santa Monica.

BANDITS USE FAKE JITNEY. Two bandits driving an ambush car to transport their victims to a safe spot, gathered two victims from the downtown streets early yesterday morning, took them to a spot near their homes, and there robbed them. The danger car snarled along the downtown streets after traffic hours, and a blind car on the front indicated it is a jitney bus to those not observing closely. Two men always occupy the front seat.

Yesterday morning early, they stopped at the hall of Augustin Gomez, No. 184 South Wellington street, at Twilight Broadway. Gomez gave explicit directions as to the location of his home. When approaching the residence, the robbers struck Gomez on the head with their weapons, felling him, and securing \$25 from his pockets.

On a later trip they secured as passenger Frank Varelo, No. 4433 East First street. When in the vicinity of his home, they stopped the car, felled him with drawn revolvers, and ordered him to deliver his money. He was in the act of handing it over, when a late pedestrian passed by, alarming the robbers. They chucked Varelo out of the car, and retreated.

TYPES

The On-lookers

By SARA MOORE

This was in the hotel waiting-room: "I'll bet she's a chorus girl. Only a chorus girl can afford such diamonds," shrilled the woman at the desk telephone. "Oh, I wouldn't say she was from the chorus," murmured her friend reflectively. "A chorus girl never knows when to stop being rough. That girl's make-up is good; she must be a society woman."



"Or leading lady. She has the spotlight habit. Notice how she picked out a chair in the radiance of that floor lamp?" added a third. "Every one knows that a strong light attracts attention."

"Yes dear. I notice you never sit there unless you wear a hat that throws a shadow over your face," returned the first, sweetly.

The business girl with muddy rubbers and wind-swept hair sighed enviously as she saw her escort's gaze riveted upon the beautiful center of interest.

"A woman who has a maid to dress her and take care of her clothes, and who goes about in taxis or limousines always doesn't look fresh and pretty," she observed.

A peevish-looking woman across the table used her lorgnette mercilessly. "The diamonds in that chain are paste," she announced.

"Of course," said a matron grudgingly. "she is stunning—for a brunet. But I never cared for dark women."

"Well, if a woman like that had to raise a family and do her own housework, her nails and complexion wouldn't be any better than mine," snapped another wife, whose husband had ventured to suggest that the picture looked nifty.

"Black braids are cheaper than any other kind," said a girl.

"She's a professional model," volunteered the switchboard girl, glancing at the beauty with open envy. "An' makes good money by being just handsome. Clothing store merchants furnish her with their newest models—an' pay her to wear 'em. And the rest of us poor subs break necks and lose our reputations—to copy the dress on a chance that they will make us look the same."

After escaping from the group of hammer artists we bumped into the beauty's husband.

"Yes, she's a stunner," he was ad-

mitting to a man who had been rhapsodizing, "and in time we'll cash in on her looks by making her a great actress. But it's an awful job. You couldn't get an idea into her head with a surgical operation. An' the public is getting so particular you've got to give them more than something to look at. She can make you think of fairy princesses and poetry and sym-

phonies so long as you are looking at her. But you begin to wonder long after she is played out and she has explained, complacently.

"But—your married husband?" "Sure, there's plenty of women, but few good-looking ones, and even fewer who can make you think of fairy princesses and poetry and sym-

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